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Trading ToolboxTM User's Guide

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Getting Started

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Trading Toolbox Product Description

Access prices and send orders to trading systems

Trading Toolbox provides functions for accessing trade and quote pricing data, defining order types, and sending orders to financial trading markets. The toolbox lets you integrate streaming and event-based data into MATLAB®, enabling you to develop financial trading strategies and algorithms that analyze and react to the market in real time. You can build algorithmic or automated trading strategies that work across multiple asset classes, instrument types, and trading markets while integrating with industry-standard trade execution platforms.

With Trading Toolbox, you can subscribe to streams of tradable instrument data, including quotes, volumes, trades, market depth, and instrument metadata. You also can define order types and instructions for how to route and fill orders. Trading Toolbox supports Bloomberg[®] EMSX, CQG[®] Integrated Client, Interactive Brokers[®] TWS, and Trading Technologies[®] X_TRADER[®].

Key Features

- · Access to current, intraday, event-based, and real-time tradable instrument data
- · Data filtering by instrument and exchange
- · Definable order types and execution instructions
- Bloomberg EMSX order execution
- Trading Technologies X_TRADER instrument pricing and order execution
- CQG Integrated Client instrument pricing, order execution, and historical price retrieval
- Interactive Brokers TWS instrument pricing, order execution, and historical price retrieval

Installation

In this section...

"Bloomberg" on page 1-3

"CQG" on page 1-3

"Interactive Brokers" on page 1-3

"Trading Technologies" on page 1-3

Bloomberg

Find the latest installation files at http://www.bloomberg.com to install Bloomberg EMSX from Bloomberg L.P. You need a Bloomberg license to install and run Bloomberg EMSX.

CQG

Find the latest installation files at http://www.cqg.com to install CQG. You need a CQG license to install and run CQG.

Interactive Brokers

- Download and install the IB Trader WorkstationSM Desktop Trading Client. Find the latest installation files at https://www.interactivebrokers.com/en/index.php?f=552.
- **2** Download and install the Interactive Brokers API software. Find the latest installation files at http://interactivebrokers.github.io/.

You need an Interactive Brokers license to install and run Interactive Brokers.

Trading Technologies

Find the latest installation files at http://www.tradingtechnologies.com to install Trading Technologies. You need a Trading Technologies license to install and run Trading Technologies.

Trading System Providers

In this section...

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Supported Providers

This toolbox supports connections to financial trading systems provided by the following corporations:

Bloomberg EMSX from Bloomberg L.P. (http://www.bloomberg.com)

Note: Only the Bloomberg Desktop API is supported.

- CQG (http://www.cqg.com)
- IB Trader Workstation from Interactive Brokers (http://www.interactivebrokers.com)
- X_TRADER from Trading Technologies (http://www.tradingtechnologies.com)

See the MathWorks[®] Web site for the system requirements for connecting to these trading systems.

Connection Requirements

To connect to these trading systems, additional requirements apply. The following data service providers require you to install proprietary software on your PC:

Bloomberg EMSX

Note: You need the Bloomberg Desktop software license for the host on which Trading Toolbox and MATLAB software are running.

- CQG
- Interactive Brokers IB Trader Workstation
- Trading Technologies X_TRADER

You must have a valid license for required client software on your machine.

For more information about how to obtain required software, contact your trading system sales representative.

Create an Order Using IB Trader Workstation

This example shows how to connect to the IB Trader Workstation, retrieve historical data, create a market order, and specify a different instrument.

Run the IB Trader Workstation application.

Ensure the IB Trader Workstation application is running, and that API connections are enabled. You can do this from within IB Trader Workstation.

- 1 Select **File > Global Configuration** to open the Trader Workstation Configuration (Simulated Trading) dialog box.
- 2 Select API > Settings.
- 3 Ensure that the **Enable ActiveX** and **Socket Clients** check box is selected.

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation.

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation and create connection ib using the local host and default port number 7496.

```
ib = ibtws('',7496);
```

When the Accept incoming connection attempt message appears in the IB Trader Workstation, click Yes.

Retrieve historical and current data.

Create the IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. This object denotes the security. For this example, get data for Microsoft® MSFT stock. Specifying SMART as the exchange lets Interactive Brokers determine which venues to get data from. Setting the currency type to USD clarifies that you want dollar-denominated stock. This is useful when stocks are dual-listed or multi-listed across different jurisdictions.

```
ibContract = ib.Handle.createContract;
ibContract.symbol = 'MSFT';
ibContract.secType = 'STK';
ibContract.exchange = 'SMART';
ibContract.currency = 'USD';
```

Define the period for which you need data, for example, the last 20 business days, excluding today.

```
bizDayConvention = 13; % i.e. BUS/252
```

```
startDate = daysadd(today, -20, bizDayConvention);
endDate = daysadd(today, -1, bizDayConvention);
```

This code uses the daysadd function from Financial ToolboxTM to compute the appropriate start and end dates.

Retrieve historical data for the last 20 business days.

```
histTradeData = history(ib,ibContract,startDate,endDate);
```

Note: The history function accepts additional parameters that let you obtain other historical data such as option-implied volatility, historical volatility, bid prices, ask prices, or midpoints. If you do not specify anything, the default data returned are last traded prices.

Retrieve current price data from the contract.

Create a trade market order.

The IB Trader Workstation supports a variety of order types, including basic types such as limit orders, stop orders, and market orders. For this example, set up a stock contract for Microsoft stock. After setting the order type as MKT, then specify the action, in this case BUY, and the total quantity to trade.

Set a unique order identifier, and send the orders to Interactive Brokers.

Specify a different instrument.

You can trade a variety of instruments using the IB Trader Workstation API, including equities, futures, options, futures options, and foreign currencies. Here, use the E-mini Standard and Poor's 500 futures contract on the CME Globex with a December 2013 expiry. Specify the symbol as ES, the security type to be a futures contract FUT, the expiry in a YYYYMM date format, the exchange as GLOBEX, and the currency as USD.

Close the connection.

After retrieving data and sending orders, close the IB Trader Workstation connection ib.

```
close(ib)
```

See Also

```
close | createOrder | getdata | history | ibtws
```

External Web Sites

http://www.interactivebrokers.com/en/software/api/api.htm

Create an Order Using CQG

This example shows how to connect to CQG and create a market order.

Connect to CQG.

```
c = cqq;
```

Establish event handlers.

Start the CQG session. Set up event handlers for instrument subscription, orders, and associated events.

Subscribe to the instrument.

Subscribe to a security tied to the EURIBOR.

```
realtime(c,'F.US.IE')
pause(2)
```

Create the CQGInstrument object.

To use the instrument for creating an order, import the instrument name cqgInstrumentName into the current MATLAB workspace. Then, create the CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

```
cqgInstrumentName = evalin('base','cqgInstrument');
cqgInst = c.Handle.Instruments.Item(cqgInstrumentName);
```

Set up account credentials.

Set the CQG flags to enable account information retrieval.

```
c.Handle.set('AccountSubscriptionLevel', 'aslNone');
c.Handle.set('AccountSubscriptionLevel', 'aslAccountUpdatesAndOrders');
pause(2)
accountHandle = c.Handle.Accounts.ItemByIndex(0);
```

Create the market order.

Create a market order that buys one share of the subscribed security cqgInst using the account credentials accountHandle.

```
orderType = 1; % Market order flag
quantity = 1; % Positive quantity is Buy, negative is Sell
oMarket = createOrder(c,cqgInst,orderType,accountHandle,quantity);
oMarket.Place
```

Close the connection.

```
close(c)
```

See Also

```
close | cqg | createOrder | realtime | startUp
```

External Web Sites

http://cqg.com/Products/CQG-API/CQG-Trader-API.aspx

Create an Order Using Bloomberg EMSX

This example shows how to connect to Bloomberg EMSX and create and route a market order.

For details about connecting to Bloomberg EMSX and creating orders, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide*.

Connect to Bloomberg EMSX

If you are using emsx for the first time, you need to install a Java® archive file from Bloomberg for emsx and other Bloomberg commands to work correctly.

If you already have blpapi3.jar downloaded from Bloomberg, you can find it in your Bloomberg folders at ..\blp\api\APIv3\JavaAPI\lib\blpapi3.jar or ..\blp\api\APIv3\JavaAPI\v3.x\lib\blpapi3.jar. If you have blpapi3.jar, go to step 3.

If blpapi3.jar is not downloaded from Bloomberg, then download it as follows:

- a In your Bloomberg terminal, type WAPI {GO} to open the API Developer's Help Site screen.
- **b** Click API Download Center, then click Desktop API.
- c After downloading blpapi3.jar on your system, add it to the MATLAB Java class path using javaaddpath.

You need to do this for every session of MATLAB. To avoid repeating this at every session, add javaaddpath to your startup.m file or add the full path for blpapi3.jar to your javaclasspath.txt file. For details about javaclasspath.txt, see "The Java Class Path". For details about editing your startup.m file, see "Specifying Startup Options in MATLAB Startup File".

2 Connect to the Bloomberg EMSX test service.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc_beta')
c =
  emsx with properties:
    Session: [1x1 com.bloomberglp.blpapi.Session]
    Service: [1x1 com.bloomberglp.blpapi.impl.aQ]
```

```
Ipaddress: 'localhost'
    Port: 8194
```

MATLAB returns **c** as the connection to the Bloomberg EMSX test service with the following:

- Bloomberg EMSX session object
- Bloomberg EMSX service object
- IP address of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service
- · Port number of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

Create the market order request

Create an order request structure order for a buy market order of 400 shares of IBM[®]. Specify the broker as EFIX, use any hand instruction, and set the time in force to DAY.

```
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(400);
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'EFIX';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
```

Create and route the market order

Create and route the market order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and order request structure **order**.

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier

• Bloomberg EMSX message

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection

close(c)

See Also

close | createOrderAndRoute | emsx

Create an Order Using X_TRADER

This example shows how to connect to Trading Technologies X_TRADER and create a market order.

Connect to Trading Technologies X_TRADER.

```
c = xtrdr;
```

Create an instrument for a contract.

Create an instrument for a contract of CAISO NP15 EZ Gen Hub 5 MW Peak Calendar-Day Real-Time LMP Futures with an expiration date of August 2014 on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange.

Register an event handler for the order server.

Register an event handler to check the order server status.

```
sExchange = c.Instrument.Exchange;
c.Gate.registerevent({'OnExchangeStateUpdate',...
@(varargin)ttorderserverstatus(varargin{:},sExchange)})
```

Create an order set and set order properties.

Create an empty order set. Then, set order set properties. Setting the first property to true (1) enables the X_TRADER API to send order rejection notifications. Setting the second property to true (1) enables the X_TRADER API to add order pairs for all order updates to the order tracker list in this order set. Setting the third property to ORD_NOTIFY_NORMAL sets the X_TRADER API notification mode for order status events to normal.

```
createOrderSet(c)
c.OrderSet(1).EnableOrderRejectData = 1;
c.OrderSet(1).EnableOrderUpdateData = 1;
c.OrderSet(1).OrderStatusNotifyMode = 'ORD_NOTIFY_NORMAL';
Set position limit checks.
```

```
c.OrderSet(1).Set('NetLimits',false)
```

Register event handlers for order status.

Register event handlers to track events associated with the order status.

Enable order submission.

Open the instrument for trading and enable the X_TRADER API to retrieve market depth information when opening the instrument.

```
c.OrderSet(1).Open(1)
```

Build an order profile with the existing instrument.

```
orderProfile = createOrderProfile(c, 'Instrument', c.Instrument(1));
```

Set the customer default property.

Assign the customer defaults for trading an instrument.

```
orderProfile.Customer = '<Default>';
```

Set up the order profile as a market order.

Set up the order profile as a market order for buying 225 shares.

```
orderProfile.Set('BuySell','Buy')
orderProfile.Set('Qty','225')
orderProfile.Set('OrderType','M')
```

Check the order server status.

```
nCounter = 1;
while ~exist('bServerUp','var') && nCounter < 20
% bServerUp is created by ttorderserverstatus
pause(1)
nCounter = nCounter + 1;
end
```

Verify the order server availability and submit the order.

```
if exist('bServerUp','var') && bServerUp
    % Submit the order
    submittedQuantity = c.OrderSet(1).SendOrder(orderProfile);
    disp(['Quantity Sent: ' num2str(submittedQuantity)])
else
    disp('Order server is down. Unable to submit order.')
end
```

The X_TRADER API submits the order to the exchange and returns the number of contracts sent for lot-based contracts or the flow quantity sent for flow-based contracts in the output argument submittedQuantity.

Close the connection.

```
close(c)
```

See Also

close | createInstrument | createOrderProfile | createOrderSet | xtrdr

External Web Sites

https://developer.tradingtechnologies.com/x_trader-api

Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions

In this section...

"Write a Custom Event Handler Function" on page 1-17

"Run a Custom Event Handler Function" on page 1-17

"Workflow for Custom Event Handler Function" on page 1-18

Write a Custom Event Handler Function

You can process events related to any Bloomberg EMSX orders and routes by writing a custom event handler function for use with Trading Toolbox. For example, you can plot the changes in the number of shares routed. Follow these basic steps to write a custom event handler.

- 1 Choose the events you want to process, monitor, or evaluate.
- **2** Decide how the custom event handler processes these events.
- 3 Determine the input and output arguments for the custom event handler function.
- **4** Write the code for the custom event handler function.

For details, see "Create Functions in Files". For a code example of an event handler function, see the function processEventToBlotter in the emsxOrderBlotter.m file.

Run a Custom Event Handler Function

You can run the custom event handler function by using timer. Specify the custom event handler function name as a function handle and pass this function handle as an input argument to timer. For details about function handles, see "What Is a Function Handle?" For example, suppose you want to create an order using createOrderAndRoute with the custom event handler function named eventhandler. This code assumes a Bloomberg EMSX connection c, Bloomberg EMSX order order, and timer object t.

Run timer to execute eventhandler. The name-value pair argument TimerFcn specifies the event handler function. The name-value pair argument Period specifies a 1-second delay between executions of the event handler function. When the name-value pair argument ExecutionMode is set to fixedRate, the event

handler function executes immediately after it is added to the MATLAB execution queue.

2 Start the timer to initiate and execute eventhandler immediately.

```
start(t)
```

3 Run createOrderAndRoute using the custom event handler by setting useDefaultEventHandler to false.

```
createOrderAndRoute(c,order, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

4 Stop the timer to stop data updates.

```
stop(t)
```

If you want to resume data updates, run start.

5 Delete the timer once you are done with processing data updates for the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
delete(t)
```

Workflow for Custom Event Handler Function

This workflow summarizes the basic steps to work with a custom event handler function using Bloomberg EMSX.

- 1 Write a custom event handler function and save it to a file.
- **2** Create a connection using emsx.
- 3 Subscribe to Bloomberg EMSX fields using orders and routes. You can also write custom event handler functions to process subscription events.
- 4 Run the custom event handler function using timer. Use a function handle to specify the custom event handler function name to run timer.
- 5 Start the timer to execute the custom event handler function immediately using start.
- **6** Stop data updates using **stop**.
- 7 Unsubscribe from Bloomberg EMSX fields by using the API syntax.
- 8 Delete the timer using delete.

9 Close the connection using close.

See Also

timer | close | createOrderAndRoute | delete | emsx | orders | routes |
start | stop

Related Examples

• "Create Functions in Files"

More About

• "What Is a Function Handle?"

Workflow Models

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX" on page 2-2
- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER" on page 2-4
- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers" on page 2-6
- "Workflow for CQG" on page 2-8

Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX

The workflow for Bloomberg EMSX is versatile with many options for alternate flows to create, route, and manage the status of an open order until it is filled.

- 1 Connect to Bloomberg EMSX using emsx.
- 2 Set up a subscription for orders and routes to obtain events on subsequent requests using orders and routes.
- **3** Create a Bloomberg EMSX order. Options in the flow of creating an order are:
 - Create an order using createOrder.
 - Route an order using routeOrder.
 - Route an order with a strategy using routeOrderWithStrat.
 - Create an order and route using createOrderAndRoute.
 - Create an order and route with a strategy using createOrderAndRouteWithStrat.
- **4** Modify an order or route using these functions:
 - · Modify an order using modifyOrder.
 - Modify a route using modifyRoute.
 - $\bullet \quad \mbox{Modify a route with a strategy using {\tt modifyRouteWithStrat}}.$
- **5** Delete an order or route using these functions:
 - Delete an order using deleteOrder.
 - Delete a route using deleteRoute.
- **6** Obtain information from Bloomberg EMSX using these functions:
 - Obtain broker information using getBrokerInfo.
 - Obtain Bloomberg EMSX field information using getAllFieldMetaData.
- **7** Explore information about existing orders and routes using these functions:
 - $\bullet \quad \hbox{View order transactions with a sample order blotter using $\tt emsxOrderBlotter}.$
 - Process the current contents of the event queue using processEvent.
- **8** Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection using close.

Related Examples

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER

You can use X_TRADER to monitor market price information and submit orders.

To monitor market price information:

- 1 Connect to Trading Technologies X_TRADER using xtrdr.
- 2 Create an event notifier using createNotifier.
- 3 Create an instrument and attach it to the notifier using createInstrument. Optionally, use getData to return information on the instrument that you have created.
- **4** Close the Trading Technologies X_TRADER connection using close.

To submit orders to X TRADER:

- 1 Connect to Trading Technologies X_TRADER using xtrdr.
- 2 Create an event notifier using createNotifier.
- 3 Create an instrument and attach it to the notifier using createInstrument. Optionally, use getData to return information on the instrument that you have created.
- 4 Create an order set using createOrderSet to define the level of the order status events and event handlers for orders that will be submitted to X_TRADER.
- 5 Define the order using createOrderProfile. An order profile contains the settings that define an individual order to be submitted.
- 6 Route the order for execution using the OrderSet object created by createOrderSet in step 4.
- 7 Close the Trading Technologies X_TRADER connection using close.

To monitor market price information and respond to market changes by automatically submitting orders to X_TRADER:

- 1 Connect to Trading Technologies X_TRADER using xtrdr.
- **2** Create an event notifier using createNotifier.
- 3 Create an instrument and attach it to the notifier using createInstrument. Use getData to return information on the instrument that you have created.
- **4** Define events by assigning callbacks for validating or invalidating an instrument and performing calculations based on the event. Based on some predefined condition

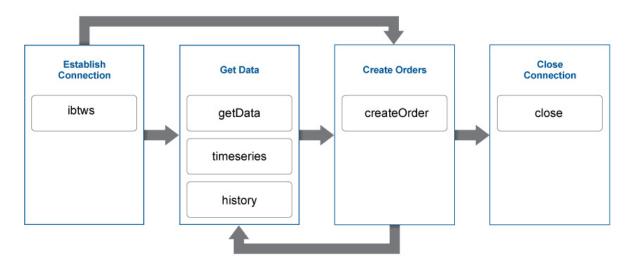
- reached when changes in the incoming data satisfy the condition, event callbacks execute the functions in steps 5, 6, and 7.
- 5 Create an order set using createOrderSet to define the level of the order status events and event handlers for orders that will be submitted to X TRADER.
- **6** Define the order using createOrderProfile. An order profile contains the settings that define an individual order to be submitted.
- 7 Route the order for execution using the OrderSet object created by createOrderSet in step 5.
- **8** Close the Trading Technologies X_TRADER connection using close.

Related Examples

- "X_TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X_TRADER Order Submission"

Workflow for Interactive Brokers

This diagram shows the functions you can use with the IB Trader Workstation to monitor market price information and submit orders.



To request current, intraday, or historical data:

- 1 Connect to IB Trader Workstation using ibtws.
- **2** Create the IB Trader Workstation contract object.
- **3** Request current data for a security using getdata.
- 4 Request intraday data for a security using timeseries.
- **5** Request historical data for a security using history.
- **6** Close the IB Trader Workstation connection using close.

To submit orders to IB Trader Workstation:

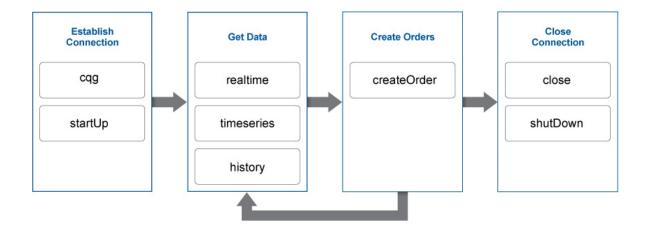
- 1 Connect to IB Trader Workstation using ibtws.
- **2** Create the IB Trader Workstation contract object.
- **3** Create the IB Trader Workstation order object.
- 4 Create and submit the order using createOrder.
- 5 Close the IB Trader Workstation connection using close.

Related Examples

- "Create Interactive Brokers Order"
- "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data"
- "Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

Workflow for CQG

This diagram shows the functions you can use with CQG to monitor market price information and submit orders.



To request current, intraday, or historical data:

- 1 Create the CQG connection object using cqg.
- **2** Define the CQG event handlers.
- **3** Connect to CQG using startUp.
- 4 Subscribe to a CQG instrument to request real-time data using realtime.
- 5 Request intraday data for a security using timeseries.
- **6** Request historical data for a security using history.
- 7 Close the CQG connection using close or shutDown.

To submit orders to CQG:

- 1 Create the CQG connection object using cqg.
- **2** Define the CQG event handlers.
- 3 Connect to CQG using startUp.
- 4 Create the CQG account credentials object.

- 5 Subscribe to a CQG instrument to request real-time data using realtime.
- **6** Create and submit the order using createOrder.
- 7 Close the CQG connection using close or shutDown.

Related Examples

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"

Sample Code for Workflows

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- "X_TRADER Price Update" on page 3-3
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth" on page 3-5
- "X_TRADER Order Submission" on page 3-9
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order" on page 3-13
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route" on page 3-17
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22
- "Create Interactive Brokers Order" on page 3-27
- "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data" on page 3-31
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- "Create CQG Order" on page 3-37
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- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data" on page 3-45
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data" on page 3-49

X_TRADER Workflows

X_TRADER supports the following workflows:

- "X_TRADER Price Update" on page 3-3
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth" on page 3-5
- "X_TRADER Order Submission" on page 3-9

X_TRADER Price Update

This example shows how to connect to X_TRADER and listen for price update event data.

Connect to X TRADER

```
X = xtrdr;
```

Create an Event Notifier

The event notifier is the X_TRADER mechanism that lets you define MATLAB functions to use as callbacks for specific events.

```
createNotifier(X)
```

Create an Instrument

Create an instrument and attach it to the notifier.

Define Events

Assign callbacks for validating or invalidating an instrument, and for handling data updates for a previously validated instrument.

Monitor Events

Set the update filter to monitor the desired fields. In this example, events are monitored for updates to last price, last quantity, previous last quantity, and a change in prices. Listen for this event data.

```
X.InstrNotify(1).UpdateFilter = 'Last$, LastQty$, ~LastQty$, Change$';
X.Instrument(1).Open(0)
```

The last command tells X_TRADER to start monitoring the attached instruments using the specified event settings.

Close the Connection

close(X)

See Also

close | createInstrument | createNotifier | xtrdr

Related Examples

- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth" on page 3-5
- "X_TRADER Order Submission" on page 3-9

More About

"Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"

X_TRADER Price Update Depth

This example shows how to connect to X_TRADER and turn on event handling for leveltwo market data (for example, bid and ask orders in the market for an instrument) and then create a figure window to display the depth data.

Connect to X_TRADER

```
X = xtrdr;
```

Create an Event Notifier

Create an event notifier and enable depth updates. The event notifier is the X_TRADER mechanism lets you define MATLAB functions to use as callbacks for specific events.

```
createNotifier(X)
X.InstrNotify(1).EnableDepthUpdates = 1;
```

Create an Instrument

Attach an Instrument to a Notifier

Assign one or more notifiers to an instrument. A notifier can have one or more instruments attached to it.

```
X.InstrNotify(1).AttachInstrument(X.Instrument(1))
```

Define Events

Assign callbacks for validating or invalidating an instrument, and updating the example order book window.

Set Up the Figure Window

Set up the figure window to display depth data.

```
f = figure('Numbertitle','off','Tag','TTPriceUpdateDepthFigure',...
```

```
'Name',['Order Book - ' X.Instrument(1).Alias])

pos = f.Position;
f.Position = [pos(1) pos(2) 360 315];
f.Resize = 'off';

Create Controls

Create controls for the last price data.

bspc = 5;
```

```
bwid = 80;
bhat = 20;
uicontrol('Style', 'text', 'String', 'Exchange',...
          'Position',[bspc 4*bspc+3*bhgt bwid bhgt])
uicontrol('Style','text','String','Product',...
          'Position',[2*bspc+bwid 4*bspc+3*bhgt bwid bhgt])
uicontrol('Style','text','String','Type',...
          'Position',[3*bspc+2*bwid 4*bspc+3*bhgt bwid bhgt])
uicontrol('Style','text','String','Contract',...
          'Position',[4*bspc+3*bwid 4*bspc+3*bhgt bwid bhgt])
ui.Exchange = uicontrol('Style', 'text', 'Tag', '',...
          'Position',[bspc 3*bspc+2*bhgt bwid bhgt]);
ui.Product = uicontrol('Style','text','Tag','',...
          'Position',[2*bspc+bwid 3*bspc+2*bhgt bwid bhgt]);
ui.Type = uicontrol('Style','text','Tag','',...
          'Position',[3*bspc+2*bwid 3*bspc+2*bhgt bwid bhgt]);
ui.Contract = uicontrol('Style', 'text', 'Tag', '',...
          'Position',[4*bspc+3*bwid 3*bspc+2*bhgt bwid bhgt]);
uicontrol('Style','text','String','Last Price',...
          'Position',[bspc 2*bspc+bhgt bwid bhgt])
uicontrol('Style', 'text', 'String', 'Last Qty',...
          'Position',[2*bspc+bwid 2*bspc+bhgt bwid bhgt])
uicontrol('Style','text','String','Change',...
          'Position',[3*bspc+2*bwid 2*bspc+bhgt bwid bhgt])
ui.Last = uicontrol('Style', 'text', 'Tag', '',...
          'Position',[bspc bspc bwid bhgt]);
ui.Quantity = uicontrol('Style','text','Tag','',...
          'Position',[2*bspc+bwid bspc bwid bhgt]);
ui.Change = uicontrol('Style','text','Tag','',...
          'Position',[3*bspc+2*bwid bspc bwid bhgt]);
```

Create a Table

Create a table containing order information.

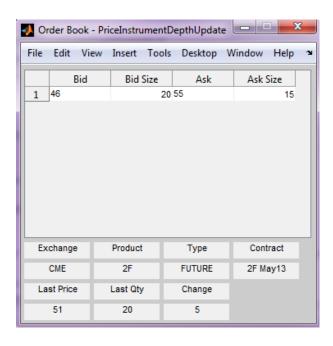
Store Data

```
setappdata(0, 'TTOrderBookHandle', uibook)
setappdata(0, 'TTOrderBookUIData', ui)
```

Listen for Event Data

Listen for event data with depth updates enabled.

X.Instrument(1).Open(1)



The last command instructs X_TRADER to start monitoring the attached instruments using the specified event settings.

Close the Connection

close(X)

See Also

close | createInstrument | createNotifier | getData | xtrdr

Related Examples

- "X_TRADER Price Update" on page 3-3
- "X_TRADER Order Submission" on page 3-9

More About

"Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"

X_TRADER Order Submission

This example shows how to connect to X TRADER and submit an order.

Connect to X TRADER

```
X = xtrdr;
```

Create an Instrument

Register Event Handlers

Register event handlers for the order server. The callback ttorderserverstatus is assigned to the event OnExchangeStateUpdate to verify that the requested instrument's exchange order server is running. Otherwise, no orders can be submitted.

```
sExchange = X.Instrument.Exchange;
registerevent(X.Gate,{'OnExchangeStateUpdate',...
@(varargin)ttorderserverstatus(varargin{:},sExchange)})
```

Create an Order Set

The OrderSet object sends orders to X_TRADER.

Set properties of the OrderSet object and detail the level of the order status events. Enable order update and reject (failure) events so you can assign callbacks to handle these conditions.

```
createOrderSet(X)
X.OrderSet(1).EnableOrderRejectData = 1;
X.OrderSet(1).EnableOrderUpdateData = 1;
X.OrderSet(1).OrderStatusNotifyMode = 'ORD NOTIFY NORMAL';
```

Set Position Limit Checks

Set whether the order set checks self-imposed position limits when submitting an order.

```
X.OrderSet(1).Set('NetLimits',false)
```

Set a Callback Function

Set a callback to handle the OnOrderFilled events. Each time an order is filled (or partially filled), this callback is invoked.

```
registerevent(X.OrderSet(1),{'OnOrderFilled',...
@(varargin)ttorderevent(varargin{:},X)})
```

Enable Order Submission

You must first enable order submission before you can submit orders to X_TRADER.

```
X.OrderSet(1).Open(1)
```

Build an Order Profile

Build an order profile using an existing instrument. The order profile contains the settings that define a submitted order. The valid Set parameters are shown:

```
orderProfile = createOrderProfile(X);
orderProfile.Instrument = X.Instrument(1);
orderProfile.Customer = '<Default>';
```

Sample: Create a Market Order

Create a market order to buy 100 shares.

```
orderProfile.Set('BuySell','Buy')
orderProfile.Set('Qty',100)
orderProfile.Set('OrderType','M')
```

Sample: Create a Limit Order

Create a limit order by setting the OrderType and limit order price.

```
orderProfile.Set('OrderType','L')
orderProfile.Set('Limit$','127000')
```

Sample: Create a Stop Market Order

Create a stop market order and set the order restriction to a stop order and a stop price.

```
orderProfile.Set('OrderType','M')
orderProfile.Set('OrderRestr','S')
orderProfile.Set('Stop$','129800')
```

Sample: Create a Stop Limit Order

Create a stop limit order and set the order restriction, type, limit price, and stop price.

```
orderProfile.Set('OrderType','L')
orderProfile.Set('OrderRestr','S')
orderProfile.Set('Limit$','128000')
orderProfile.Set('Stop$','127500')
```

Check the Order Server Status

Check the order server status before submitting the order and add a counter so the example doesn't delay.

```
nCounter = 1;
while ~exist('bServerUp','var') && nCounter < 20
    pause(1)
    nCounter = nCounter + 1;
end
```

Verify the Order Server Availability

Verify that the exchange's order server in question is available before submitting the order.

```
if exist('bServerUp','var') && bServerUp
   submittedQuantity = X.OrderSet(1).SendOrder(orderProfile);
   disp(['Quantity Sent: ' num2str(submittedQuantity)])
else
   disp('Order Server is down. Unable to submit order')
end
```

Close the Connection

```
close(X)
```

See Also

close | createInstrument | createOrderProfile | createOrderSet | xtrdr

Related Examples

- "X_TRADER Price Update" on page 3-3
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth" on page 3-5

More About

 $\bullet \qquad \hbox{``Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER''}$

Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order

This example shows how to connect to Bloomberg EMSX, create an order, and interact with the order.

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

Connect to Bloomberg EMSX

Connect to the Bloomberg EMSX test service. Display the current event queue contents using processEvent.

MATLAB returns ${\bf c}$ as the connection to the Bloomberg EMSX test service with the following:

- Bloomberg EMSX session object
- Bloomberg EMSX service object
- IP address of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service
- · Port number of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

processEvent displays events associated with connecting to Bloomberg EMSX.

Set Up the Order Subscription

Subscribe to order events using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** associated with these Bloomberg EMSX fields.

events contains fields for the events associated with the existing Bloomberg EMSX orders. **subs** contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Create the Order

Create an order request structure order for a buy market order of 400 shares of IBM. Specify the broker as EFIX, use any hand instruction, and set the time in force to DAY.

```
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(400);
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'EFIX';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
```

Create the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and the order request structure **order**.

```
events = createOrder(c,order)
order_events =
   EMSX SEQUENCE: 354646
```

```
MESSAGE: 'Order created'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating the order. createOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Modify the Order

Define the structure modorder that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX_TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT

This code modifies order number **354646** for 200 shares of IBM. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modorder.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(354646);
modorder.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modorder.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(200);
```

Modify the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and modify order structure modorder.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying an order. modifyOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Delete the Order

Define the structure ordernum that contains the order sequence number 354646 for the order to delete. Delete the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and the delete order number structure ordernum.

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting an order. deleteOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Stop the Order Subscription

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX Connection

```
close(c)
```

See Also

```
close | createOrder | deleteOrder | emsx | modifyOrder | orders
```

Related Examples

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route" on page 3-17
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22

More About

"Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route

This example shows how to connect to Bloomberg EMSX, set up a route subscription, create and route an order, and interact with the route.

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

Connect to Bloomberg EMSX

Connect to the Bloomberg EMSX test service. Display the current event queue contents using processEvent.

MATLAB returns ${\bf c}$ as the connection to the Bloomberg EMSX test service with the following:

- Bloomberg EMSX session object
- Bloomberg EMSX service object
- IP address of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service
- · Port number of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

processEvent displays events associated with connecting to Bloomberg EMSX.

Set Up the Route Subscription

Set up the route subscription for Bloomberg EMSX fields EMSX_BROKER and EMSX_WORKING using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. Return the status for existing routes.

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Create and Route the Order

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and the order request structure **order**.

```
events = createOrderAndRoute(c,order)
```

```
events =

EMSX_SEQUENCE: 335877

EMSX_ROUTE_ID: 1

MESSAGE: 'Order created and routed'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Modify the Route

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX_ROUTE_ID

This code modifies the route to 50 shares of IBM for order sequence number 335877 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(50);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and modify route request modroute.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- · Bloomberg EMSX message

Delete the Modified Route

Define the structure routenum that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE and the route number EMSX_ROUTE_ID associated with the modified route.

```
routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 0;
routenum.EMSX ROUTE ID = 0;
```

Delete the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and delete route number structure routenum.

```
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum)
events =
    STATUS: '1'
    MESSAGE: 'Route cancellation request sent to broker'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting a route. deleteRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX status
- · Bloomberg EMSX message

Stop the Route Subscription

Unsubscribe from route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX Connection

```
close(c)
```

See Also

```
close | createOrderAndRoute | deleteRoute | emsx | modifyRoute |
routeOrder | routes
```

Related Examples

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order" on page 3-13
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22

More About

• "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route

This example shows how to connect to Bloomberg EMSX, set up an order and route subscription, create and route an order, and interact with the route.

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

Connect to Bloomberg EMSX

Connect to the Bloomberg EMSX test service. Display the current event queue contents using processEvent.

MATLAB returns **c** as the connection to the Bloomberg EMSX test service with the following:

- Bloomberg EMSX session object
- Bloomberg EMSX service object
- · IP address of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

Port number of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

processEvent displays events associated with connecting to Bloomberg EMSX.

Set Up the Order and Route Subscription

Subscribe to order events using the Bloomberg EMSX connection \boldsymbol{c} associated with these Bloomberg EMSX fields.

events contains fields for the events associated with the existing Bloomberg EMSX orders. Osubs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Subscribe to route events for the Bloomberg EMSX fields EMSX_BROKER and EMSX_WORKING using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. Return the status for existing routes.

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. rsubs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Create and Route the Order

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and the order request structure **order**.

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. CreateOrderAndRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Modify the Route

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX_TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT

Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX ROUTE ID

This code modifies the route to 50 shares of IBM for order sequence number 335877 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(50);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and modify route request modroute.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- · Bloomberg EMSX message

Delete the Route

Define the structure routenum that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE for the routed order and route number EMSX_ROUTE_ID.

```
routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 0;
routenum.EMSX ROUTE ID = 0;
```

Delete the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and delete route number structure routenum.

```
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum)
events =
    STATUS: '1'
```

```
MESSAGE: 'Route cancellation request sent to broker'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting a route. deleteRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Stop the Order and Route Subscription

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX Connection

close(c)

See Also

close | createOrderAndRoute | deleteRoute | emsx | modifyRoute | orders |
routes

Related Examples

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order" on page 3-13
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route" on page 3-17

More About

• "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

Create Interactive Brokers Order

This example shows how to connect to the IB Trader Workstation, define event handlers, create an IContract object, create an IOrder object, and execute the order.

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation and create connection ${\tt ib}$ using the local host and port number 7496.

```
ib = ibtws('',7496);
```

Register an event handler to track error and order status events.

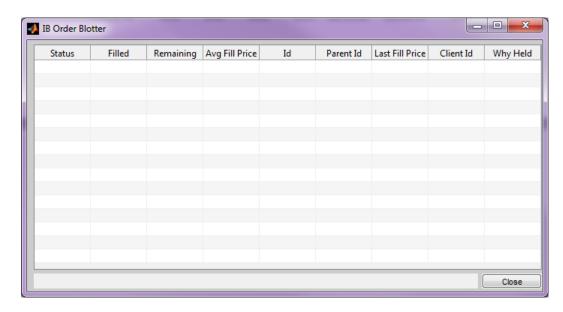
```
eventNames = {'errMsg','orderStatus'};
for i = 1:length(eventNames)
  registerevent(ib.Handle,{eventNames{i},...
     @(varargin)ibExampleOrderEventHandler(varargin{:})})
end
```

The example event handler ibExampleOrderEventHandler is assigned to the events in eventNames.

Create an Example Order Blotter

Create an example order blotter to be populated by the event handler.

This MATLAB code creates a MATLAB figure to contain the Interactive Brokers order information after the order is placed.



MATLAB displays the order blotter figure.

Request information on all open orders.

ib.Handle.reqAllOpenOrders

Create the IB Trader Workstation Contract and Order Objects

Create the IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. This object denotes the security. For example, to create an IContract object for symbol XYZ, with stock security type, an aggregate exchange, and USD currency, enter the following.

```
ibContract = ib.Handle.createContract;
ibContract.symbol = 'XYZ';
ibContract.secType = 'STK';
ibContract.exchange = 'SMART';
ibContract.currency = 'USD'
ibContract =

Interface.Tws_ActiveX_Control_module.IContract
```

ibContract contains the stock symbol, security type, exchange and currency, for security XYZ. For more information about creating an IContract object, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

Create the IB Trader Workstation IOrder object ibOrder for a buy market order for two shares.

```
ibOrder = ib.Handle.createOrder;
ibOrder.action = 'BUY';
ibOrder.totalQuantity = 2;
ibOrder.orderType = 'MKT'
ibOrder =
Interface.Tws ActiveX Control module.IOrder
```

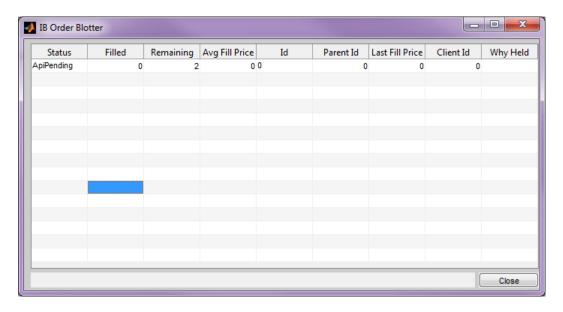
ibOrder contains the action, total quantity, and order type. For more information about creating an **IOrder** object, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

Create the Interactive Brokers Order

Execute the buy market order for two shares using a unique order identifier orderId.

```
orderId = floor((now-floor(now))*24*3600*1000);
```

placeOrderEx(ib.Handle,orderId,ibContract,ibOrder)



MATLAB displays order information in the order blotter figure.

Cancel the Interactive Brokers Order

ib.Handle.cancelOrder(orderId)

After canceling the existing order, create a new order by modifying the IB Trader Workstation IOrder object ibOrder. Then, create the order by executing the Interactive Brokers API function placeOrderEx.

Close the Connection

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection ib.

close(ib)

See Also

close | createOrder | getdata | history | ibtws | timeseries

Related Examples

- "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data"
- "Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

More About

"Workflow for Interactive Brokers"

External Web Sites

• Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data

This example shows how to connect to IB Trader Workstation, create an **IContract** object, and request historical data.

Connect to IB Trader Workstation and Create the IB Trader Workstation Contract Object

Connect to IB Trader Workstation and create connection ib using the local host and port number 7496.

```
ib = ibtws('',7496);
```

MATLAB returns **ib** as the connection to IB Trader Workstation with the Interactive Brokers ActiveX[®] object, the local host, and the chosen port number.

Create the IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. This object denotes the security. For example, to create an IContract object for symbol XYZ, with the stock security type, an aggregate exchange, and USD currency, type the following.

```
ibContract = ib.Handle.createContract;
ibContract.symbol = 'XYZ';
ibContract.secType = 'STK';
ibContract.exchange = 'SMART';
ibContract.currency = 'USD'
ibContract =

Interface.Tws_ActiveX_Control_module.IContract
```

ibContract contains the stock symbol, security type, exchange, and currency for security XYZ. For more information about creating an **IContract** object, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data

Request the last 5 days of historical data using ibContract.

```
startdate = floor(now) - 5;
enddate = floor(now);

d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate)

d =
    1.0e+05 *
```

7.3534	0.0079	0.0080	0.0078	0.0078	0.2386	0.1727	0.0079	0
7.3534	0.0078	0.0080	0.0078	0.0079	0.1669	0.1075	0.0079	0
7.3534	0.0079	0.0079	0.0078	0.0078	0.1982	0.1420	0.0078	0
7.3534	0.0079	0.0080	0.0076	0.0078	0.3188	0.2239	0.0077	0
7.3534	0.0078	0.0080	0.0077	0.0080	0.5568	0.3723	0.0079	0

d contains the historical data for 5 days.

Each row of d contains historical data for 1 day. The columns in matrix d are a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

Close the Connection

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection ib.

close(ib)

See Also

close | createOrder | getdata | history | ibtws | timeseries

Related Examples

- "Create Interactive Brokers Order"
- · "Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

More About

"Workflow for Interactive Brokers"

External Web Sites

Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

Stream Interactive Brokers Data

This example shows how to connect to IB Trader Workstation, create IContract objects, and stream data.

Connect to IB Trader Workstation and Create the Real-Time Data Display Figure

Connect to IB Trader Workstation and create connection ib using the local host and port number 7496.

```
ib = ibtws('',7496);
```

MATLAB returns ib as the connection to the IB Trader Workstation with the Interactive Brokers ActiveX object, the local host, and the chosen port number.

Register an event handler to track error and tick events for streaming data.

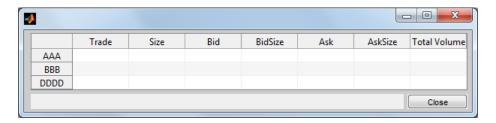
```
eventNames = {'errMsg','tickSize','tickString','tickPrice'};
for i = 1:length(eventNames)
  registerevent(ib.Handle,{eventNames{i},...
     @(varargin)ibExampleRealtimeEventHandler(varargin{:})})
end
```

The example event handler ibExampleRealtimeEventHandler is assigned to the events in eventNames.

Create an example figure to display real-time data.

This MATLAB code creates a MATLAB figure to contain the Interactive Brokers realtime data once the request is made.

```
f = findobj('Tag', 'IBStreamingDataWorkflow');
if isempty(f)
  f = figure('Tag','IBStreamingDataWorkflow','MenuBar','none',...
     'NumberTitle', 'off')
  pos = f.Position;
  f.Position = [pos(1) pos(2) pos(3)+37 109];
  colnames = {'Trade','Size','Bid','BidSize','Ask','AskSize',...
      'Total Volume'}:
  rownames = {'AAA','BBB','DDDD'};
  data = cell(3,6);
  uitable(f,'Data',data,'RowName',rownames,'ColumnName',colnames,...
  'Position',[10 30 582 76], 'Tag', 'SecurityDataTable')
  uicontrol('Style', 'text', 'Position',[10 5 497 20], 'Tag', 'IBMessage')
  uicontrol('Style', 'pushbutton', 'String', 'Close',...
     evalin(''base'',''close(ib);close(findobj(''''Tag'''',''''IBStreamingDataWorkflow''''));'')',...
    'Position',[512 5 80 20])
end
```



MATLAB displays the empty figure.

Create IB Trader Workstation Contract Objects and Stream Interactive Brokers Data

Create the IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. This object denotes the security. For example, create an IContract object for symbol AAA with the stock security type, an aggregate exchange, and USD currency. Then, request stream data.

```
ibContract = ib.Handle.createContract;
ibContract.symbol = 'AAA';
ibContract.secType = 'STK';
ibContract.exchange = 'SMART';
ibContract.currency = 'USD';
regMktDataEx(ib.Handle,1,ibContract,'100',0)
```

ibContract contains the stock symbol, security type, exchange, and currency for security AAA. For more information about creating an **IContract** object, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

Display the data in the symbol property of ibContract.

```
ibContract.symbol
ans =
         AAA
```

Create the IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. This object denotes the security. For example, create an IContract object for symbol BBB with the stock security type, an aggregate exchange, and USD currency. Then, request stream data.

```
ibContract = ib.Handle.createContract;
ibContract.symbol = 'BBB';
ibContract.secType = 'STK';
ibContract.exchange = 'SMART';
ibContract.currency = 'USD';
```

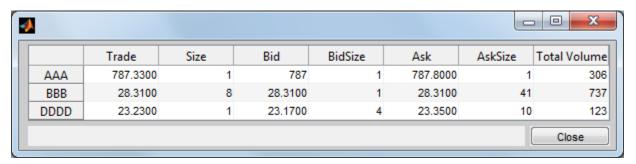
```
reqMktDataEx(ib.Handle,2,ibContract,'100',0)
```

ibContract contains the stock symbol, security type, exchange, and currency for security BBB.

Create the IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. This object denotes the security. For example, create an IContract object for symbol DDDD with the stock security type, an aggregate exchange, and USD currency. Then, request stream data.

```
ibContract = ib.Handle.createContract;
ibContract.symbol = 'DDDD';
ibContract.secType = 'STK';
ibContract.exchange = 'SMART';
ibContract.currency = 'USD';
regMktDataEx(ib.Handle,3,ibContract,'100',0)
```

ibContract contains the stock symbol, security type, exchange, and currency for security DDDD.



MATLAB displays the figure populated with real-time data for stock symbols AAA, BBB, and DDDD.

Close the Connection

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection ib.

```
close(ib)
```

See Also

close | createOrder | getdata | history | ibtws | timeseries

Related Examples

- "Create Interactive Brokers Order"
- "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data"

More About

• "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"

External Web Sites

• Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

Create CQG Order

This example shows how to connect to CQG, define the event handlers, subscribe to the security, define the account handle, and submit orders for execution.

Create the CQG Connection

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqg;
```

Define Event Handlers

Register an event handler to track events associated with the connection status.

The example event handler cqgconnectioneventhandler is assigned to the events in eventNames.

Set the API configuration properties. For example, to set the time zone to Eastern Time, type the following.

```
c.APIConfig.TimeZoneCode = 'tzEastern';
```

c.APIConfig is a CQG configuration object. For more information about setting API configuration properties, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Establish the connection to CQG.

```
startUp(c)
```

```
CELStarted
DataConnectionStatusChanged
GWConnectionStatusChanged
```

The connection event handler displays event names for a successful CQG connection.

Register an event handler to track events associated with a CQG instrument subscription.

Register an event handler to track events associated with a CQG order and account.

```
orderEventNames = {'AccountChanged', 'OrderChanged', 'AllOrdersCanceled'};
for i = 1:length(orderEventNames)
  registerevent(c.Handle, {orderEventNames{i},...
     @(varargin)cqgordereventhandler(varargin{:})})
end
```

Subscribe to the CQG Instrument

With the connection established, subscribe to the CQG instrument. The instrument must be successfully subscribed first before it is available for transactions. You must format the instrument name in the CQG long symbol view. For example, to subscribe to a security tied to the EURIBOR, type the following.

```
realtime(c,'F.US.IE')
pause(2)
F.US.IEK13 subscribed
```

pause causes MATLAB to wait 2 seconds before continuing to give time for CQG to subscribe to the instrument.

Create the CQG instrument object.

To use the instrument in createOrder, import the name of the instrument cqgInstrumentName into the current MATLAB workspace. Then, create the CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

```
cqgInstrumentName = evalin('base','cqgInstrument');
cqgInst = c.Handle.Instruments.Item(cqgInstrumentName);
```

Set Up Account Credentials

Set the CQG flags to enable account information retrieval.

```
set(c.Handle,'AccountSubscriptionLevel','aslNone')
set(c.Handle,'AccountSubscriptionLevel','aslAccountUpdatesAndOrders')
pause(2)
ans =
    AccountChanged
```

The CQG API shows that account information changed.

Set up the CQG account credentials.

Retrieve the CQGAccount object into accountHandle to use your account information in createOrder. For more information about creating a CQGAccount object, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

```
accountHandle = c.Handle.Accounts.ItemByIndex(0);
```

Create CQG Market, Limit, Stop, and Stop Limit Orders

Create a market order that buys one share of the subscribed security cqgInst using the account credentials accountHandle.

```
quantity = 1;
oMarket = createOrder(c,cqgInst,1,accountHandle,quantity);
oMarket.Place
ans =
    OrderChanged
```

The CQGOrder object oMarket contains the order. The CQG API executes the market order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

To use a string for the security, subscribe to the security 'EZC' as shown above. Then, create a market order that buys one share of the security 'EZC' using the defined account credentials accountHandle.

```
cqgInstrumentName = 'EZC';
quantity = 1;

oMarket = createOrder(c,cqgInstrumentName,1,accountHandle,quantity);
oMarket.Place
ans =
```

OrderChanged

The CQGOrder object oMarket contains the order. The CQG API executes the market order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

To create a limit order, you can use the bid price. Extract the CQG bid object qtBid from the previously defined CQGInstrument object cqgInst. For more information about the CQGInstrument object, see CQGAPIReferenceGuide.

```
qtBid = cqgInst.get('Bid');
```

Create a limit order that buys one share of the previously subscribed security cqgInst using the previously defined account credentials accountHandle and qtBid for the limit price.

```
quantity = 1;
limitprice = qtBid.get('Price');
oLimit = createOrder(c,cqgInst,2,accountHandle,quantity,limitprice);
oLimit.Place
ans =
    OrderChanged
```

The CQGOrder object olimit contains the order. The CQG API executes the limit order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

To create a stop order, you can use the trade price. Extract the CQG trade object qtTrade from the previously defined CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

```
qtTrade = cqgInst.get('Trade');
```

Create a stop order that buys one share of the previously subscribed security cqgInst using the previously defined account credentials accountHandle and qtTrade for the stop price.

The CQGOrder object oStop contains the order. The CQG API executes the stop order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

To create a stop limit order, use both the bid and trade prices defined above. Create a stop limit order that buys one share of the subscribed security cqgInst using the defined account credentials accountHandle.

The CQGOrder object oStopLimit contains the order. The CQG API executes the stop limit order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

Close the CQG Connection

```
shutDown(c)
```

See Also

close | cqg | createOrder | history | realtime | shutDown | startUp |
timeseries

Related Examples

- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"

More About

"Workflow for CQG"

External Web Sites

• CQG API Reference Guide

Request CQG Historical Data

This example shows how to connect to CQG, define event handlers, and request historical data.

Connect to CQG

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqq;
```

Define Event Handlers

Register an event handler to track events associated with connection status.

The example event handler cqgconnectioneventhandler is assigned to the events in eventNames.

Set the API configuration properties. For example, to set the time zone to Eastern Time, type the following.

```
c.APIConfig.TimeZoneCode = 'tzEastern';
```

c.APIConfig is a CQG configuration object. For more information about setting API configuration properties, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Create the CQG connection.

```
startUp(c)
CELStarted
DataConnectionStatusChanged
```

The connection event handler displays event names for a successful CQG connection.

Register an event handler to build and initialize the output data matrix cqgHistoryData.

Pass an Additional Optional Request Property

Pass an additional optional request property by creating the structure x and setting the optional property.

```
x.UpdatesEnabled = false;
```

For additional optional properties you can set, see CQG API Reference Guide.

Request CQG Historical Data

Request daily data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last 10 days using the additional optional request property X.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = floor(now) - 10;
enddate = floor(now);
period = 'hpDaily';
```

history(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,period,x)

MATLAB writes the variable cqgHistoryData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgHistoryData.

cqgHistoryData

```
cqgHistoryData =
   1.0e+05 *
   7.3533
              0.0063
                        0.0063
   7.3533
              0.0064
                        0.0064
   7.3533
              0.0065
                        0.0065
   7.3534
              0.0065
                        0.0065
   7.3534
              0.0066
                        0.0066
   7.3534
              0.0065
                        0.0065
   7.3534
              0.0066
                        0.0066
   7.3534
              0.0066
                        0.0066
   7.3534
             0.0064
                        0.0064
```

Each row in cqgHistoryData represents data for 1 day. The columns in cqgHistoryData show the numerical representation of the timestamp, the close price, and the open price for the instrument during the day.

Close the CQG Connection

close(c)

See Also

close | cqg | createOrder | history | realtime | shutDown | startUp |
timeseries

Related Examples

- "Create CQG Order"
- · "Request CQG Real-Time Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"

More About

"Workflow for CQG"

External Web Sites

· CQG API Reference Guide

Request CQG Intraday Tick Data

This example shows how to connect to CQG, define event handlers, and request intraday and timed bar data.

Connect to CQG and Define Event Handlers

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqg;
```

Register an event handler to track events associated with the connection status.

The example event handler cqgconnectioneventhandler is assigned to the events in eventNames.

Set the API configuration properties. For example, to set the time zone to Eastern Time, type the following.

```
c.APIConfig.TimeZoneCode = 'tzEastern';
```

c.APIConfig is a CQG configuration object. For more information about setting API configuration properties, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Create the CQG connection.

```
startUp(c)
CELStarted
DataConnectionStatusChanged
```

The connection event handler displays event names for a successful CQG connection.

Register an event handler to build and initialize the output data structure cqgTickData used for storing intraday tick data.

```
rawEventNames = {'TicksResolved','TicksAdded'};
```

```
for i = 1:length(rawEventNames)
  registerevent(c.Handle,{rawEventNames{i},...
     @(varargin)cqgintradayeventhandler(varargin{:})})
end
```

Request CQG Intraday Tick Data

Pass an additional optional request property by creating the structure x, and setting the optional property. To see only bid tick data, for example, set TickFilter to 'tfBid'.

```
x.TickFilter = 'tfBid';
```

TickFilter and SessionsFilter are the only valid additional optional properties for calling timeseries without a timed bar request. For additional property values you can set, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Request intraday tick data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last 2 days using the additional optional request property X.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = now - 2;
enddate = now;

timeseries(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,[],x)
pause(1)
```

pause causes MATLAB to wait 1 second before continuing to give time for CQG to subscribe to the instrument. MATLAB writes the variable cqgTickData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgTickData.

cqgTickData

```
MarketState: {2x1 cell}
```

Display data in the Timestamp property of cggTickData.

```
cqgTickData.Timestamp
```

```
ans =
    '4/17/2013 2:14:00 PM'
    '4/18/2013 2:14:00 PM'
```

Request CQG Timed Bar Data

Register an event handler to build and initialize the output data matrix cqgTimedBarData used for storing timed bar data.

Pass additional optional request properties by creating the structure X, and setting the optional property.

```
x.UpdatesEnabled = false;
```

Request timed bar data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last fraction of a day using the additional optional request property X.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = now - .1;
enddate = now;
intraday = 1;

timeseries(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,intraday,x)
pause(1)
```

MATLAB writes the variable cqgTimedBarData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgTimedBarData.

cqgTimedBarData

```
cqgTimedBarData =
```

```
1.0e+09 *
0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                      -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
-2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                                                    -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
                                                                     -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
        -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                      -2.1475 -2.1475
                                                          -2.1475
                                                                   -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
0.0007
0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                      -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                      -2.1475 -2.1475
                                                          -2.1475 -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
```

cqgTimedBarData returns timed bar data for the specified instrument. The columns of cqgTimedBarData display data corresponding to the timestamp, open price, high price, low price, close price, mid-price, HLC3, average price, and tick volume.

Close the CQG Connection

close(c)

See Also

close | cqg | createOrder | history | realtime | shutDown | startUp |
timeseries

Related Examples

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"

More About

"Workflow for CQG"

External Web Sites

· CQG API Reference Guide

Request CQG Real-Time Data

This example shows how to connect to CQG, define event handlers, and request current data.

Connect to CQG

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqg;
```

Define Event Handlers

Register an event handler to track events for the connection status.

The example event handler cqgconnectioneventhandler is assigned to the events in eventNames.

Set the API configuration properties. For example, to set the time zone to Eastern Time, type the following.

```
c.APIConfig.TimeZoneCode = 'tzEastern';
```

c.APIConfig is a CQG configuration object. For more information about setting the API configuration properties, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Establish the connection to CQG.

```
startUp(c)
```

```
CELStarted
DataConnectionStatusChanged
GWConnectionStatusChanged
```

The connection event handler displays event names for a successful CQG connection.

Register an event handler to track events associated with the CQG instrument subscription.

Request CQG Real-Time Data

With the connection established, subscribe to the instrument. The instrument name must be formatted in the CQG long symbol view. For example, to subscribe to a security tied to corn, type the following.

```
instrument = 'F.US.EZC';
realtime(c,instrument)
```

MATLAB writes the structure variable cqgDataEZC to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgDataEZC.

cqgDataEZC returns the current quotes for the security.

Display data in the Price property of cqgDataEZC.

```
cqgDataEZC(1,1).Price
ans =
   [-2.1475e+09]
   [-2.1475e+09]
```

```
[-2.1475e+09]
[ 660.5000]
[]
[]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[ 660.5000]
[-2.1475e+09]
```

Close the CQG Connection

close(c)

See Also

close | cqg | createOrder | history | realtime | shutDown | startUp |
timeseries

Related Examples

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"

More About

"Workflow for CQG"

External Web Sites

• CQG API Reference Guide

Functions — Alphabetical List

emsx

Create Bloomberg EMSX connection

Syntax

```
c = emsx(servicename)
```

Description

c = emsx(servicename) creates a connection to the local Bloomberg EMSX communications server using the service servicename.

Examples

Connect to the Bloomberg EMSX Test Service

Create a connection **c** to the Bloomberg EMSX test service. You can place test calls using this service.

MATLAB returns **c** as the connection to the Bloomberg EMSX test service with the following:

- · Bloomberg EMSX session object
- Bloomberg EMSX service object
- · IP address of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

Port number of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX test service

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Connect to the Bloomberg EMSX Production Service

Create a connection **c** to the Bloomberg EMSX production service. You can place live calls using this service.

MATLAB returns ${\tt c}$ as the connection to the Bloomberg EMSX test service with the following:

- Bloomberg EMSX session object
- Bloomberg EMSX service object
- IP address of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX production service
- Port number of the machine running the Bloomberg EMSX production service

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

```
servicename — Bloomberg EMSX service name string
```

Bloomberg EMSX service name, specified using a test or production Bloomberg EMSX servicename.

Data Types: char

Output Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, returned as a connection object with these properties.

Property	Description
Session	Bloomberg EMSX session object
Service	Bloomberg EMSX service object
Ipaddress	IP address of the machine where Bloomberg EMSX is running
Port	Port number of the machine where Bloomberg EMSX is running

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

• "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

See Also

close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute | routeOrder

close

Close Bloomberg EMSX connection

Syntax

close(c)

Description

close(c) closes the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

Examples

Close the Bloomberg EMSX Connection

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- · "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

• "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

See Also

createOrder | createOrderAndRoute | emsx | routeOrder

createOrder

Create Bloomberg EMSX order

Syntax

```
events = createOrder(c,order)
events = createOrder(c,order,'timeOut',timeout)

createOrder(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)

___ = createOrder(,c,order,options)
```

Description

events = createOrder(c,order) creates a Bloomberg EMSX order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order request order that contains the required fields for creating an order. createOrder returns the order sequence number and status message using the default event handler.

events = createOrder(c,order, 'timeOut', timeout) specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

createOrder(_____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) creates a Bloomberg EMSX order using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with creating orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = createOrder(,c,order,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Create an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To create a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx and set up the order subscription using orders. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Create the order request structure **order** to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order.

```
events = createOrder(c,order)
events =

EMSX_SEQUENCE: 354646
MESSAGE: 'Order created'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating the order. createOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Create an Order Using a Timeout

To create a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection **c** using **emsx** and set up the order subscription using **orders**. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
events = createOrder(c,order,'timeOut',200)
events =

EMSX_SEQUENCE: 354646
MESSAGE: 'Order created'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating the order. createOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Create an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To create a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** using **emsx** and set up the order subscription using **orders**. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Create the order request structure **order** to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Create the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with creating an order.

```
createOrder(c,order, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

```
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Create an Order Using an Options Structure

To create a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection **c** using **emsx** and set up the order subscription using **orders**. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Create the order request structure **order** to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Create the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, order, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
events = createOrder(c,order,options)
events =
    EMSX_SEQUENCE: 354646
    MESSAGE: 'Order created'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating the order. createOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs.

b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

order - Order request

structure

Order request, specified as a structure using Bloomberg EMSX field properties. Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available field property options for order. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32. order contains these fields.

Field	Description
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX amount of shares
EMSX_ORDER_TYPE	Bloomberg EMSX order type
EMSX_BROKER	Bloomberg EMSX broker name

Field	Description
EMSX_TIF	Bloomberg EMSX time in force
EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION	Bloomberg EMSX hand instruction
EMSX_SIDE	Bloomberg EMSX buy or sell specification

```
Example: order.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

```
events — Event queue contents
```

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx
| modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

createOrderAndRoute

Create and route Bloomberg EMSX order

Syntax

```
events = createOrderAndRoute(c,order)
events = createOrderAndRoute(c,order,'timeOut',timeout)

createOrderAndRoute(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)

___ = createOrderAndRoute(c,order,options)
```

Description

events = createOrderAndRoute(c,order) creates and routes a Bloomberg EMSX order using Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order request order. createOrderAndRoute returns the order sequence number, route number, and status message using the default event handler.

events = createOrderAndRoute(c,order, 'timeOut',timeout) specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

createOrderAndRoute(____, 'useDefaultEventHandler', false) creates and routes a Bloomberg EMSX order using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with creating and routing orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = createOrderAndRoute(c,order,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Create and Route an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx and set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order.

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. CreateOrderAndRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
```

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Create and Route an Order Using a Timeout

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx and set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Create and Route an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c using emsx and set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with creating and routing an order.

```
createOrderAndRoute(c,order, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Create and Route an Order Using an Options Structure

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx and set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure **order** to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, order, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c - Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

```
order - Order request
```

structure

Order request, specified as a structure using Bloomberg EMSX field properties. Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available field property options for order. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32. order contains these fields.

Field	Description
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX amount of shares
EMSX_ORDER_TYPE	Bloomberg EMSX order type
EMSX_BROKER	Bloomberg EMSX broker name
EMSX_TIF	Bloomberg EMSX time in force
EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION	Bloomberg EMSX hand instruction
EMSX_SIDE	Bloomberg EMSX buy or sell specification

```
Example: order.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- · "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete |
deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx | modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder |
routes | start | stop

createOrderAndRouteWithStrat

Create and route Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies

Syntax

```
events = createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(c,order,strat)
events = createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(c,order,strat,'timeOut',
timeout)

createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
____ = createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(c,order,strat,options)
```

Description

events = createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(c,order,strat) creates and routes a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies using Bloomberg EMSX connection c, order request order, and order strategy strat. createOrderAndRouteWithStrat returns the order sequence number, route number, and status message using the default event handler.

events = createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(c,order,strat,'timeOut', timeOut) specifies a timeout value timeOut for the execution of the default event handler.

createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(_____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) creates and routes a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with creating and routing orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = createOrderAndRouteWithStrat(c,order,strat,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Create and Route an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection **c** using **emsx** and set up the order and route subscription using **orders** and **routes**. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure **order** to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Create and route the order with strategies using the Bloomberg EMSX connection C, order, and strat.

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRouteWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Create and Route an Order Using a Timeout

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection **c** using **emsx** and set up the order and route subscription using **orders** and **routes**. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
```

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Create and route the order with strategies using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, order, and strat. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRouteWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Create and Route an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c using emsx and set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the

time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Create and route the order with strategies using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, order, and strat. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with creating and routing an order.

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Create and Route an Order Using an Options Structure

To create and route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection c using emsx and set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes. For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route".

Create the order request structure **order** to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 100 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, order, strat, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with creating and routing the order. createOrderAndRouteWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

order - Order request

structure

Order request, specified as a structure using Bloomberg EMSX field properties. Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available field property options for order. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32. order contains these fields.

Field	Description
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX amount of shares
EMSX_ORDER_TYPE	Bloomberg EMSX order type
EMSX_BROKER	Bloomberg EMSX broker name
EMSX_TIF	Bloomberg EMSX time in force
EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION	Bloomberg EMSX hand instruction
EMSX_SIDE	Bloomberg EMSX buy or sell specification

```
Example: order.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

strat - Order strategies

Data Types: struct

structure

Order strategies, specified as a structure that contains the fields: EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME, EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS, and EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS. The structure field values must align with the strategy fields specified by EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME. For details about strategy fields and ordering, see getBrokerInfo.

Convert EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS to a 32-bit signed integer using int32. Set EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS equal to 0 for each field to use the field data setting in EMSX_FIELD_DATA. Or, set EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS equal to 1 to ignore the data in EMSX_FIELD_DATA.

```
Example: strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX STRATEGY FIELD INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
```

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx |
getBrokerInfo | modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

deleteOrder

Delete Bloomberg EMSX order

Syntax

```
events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum)
events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum,'timeOut',timeout)

deleteOrder(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)

___ = deleteOrder(c,ordernum,options)
```

Description

events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum) deletes a Bloomberg EMSX order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and order number or structure ordernum. deleteOrder returns a status message using the default event handler.

events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum, 'timeOut',timeout) specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

deleteOrder(_____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) deletes a Bloomberg EMSX order using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with deleting orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = deleteOrder(c,ordernum,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Delete an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To delete a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure ordernum that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE for the order to delete.

```
ordernum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 335877;
```

Delete the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and ordernum.

```
events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum)
events =
    STATUS: '0'
    MESSAGE: 'Order deleted'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the order. deleteOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Delete an Order Using the Order Number Integer

To delete a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Delete the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and the order sequence number **335877** for the order to delete.

```
events = deleteOrder(c,335877)
events =
         STATUS: '0'
         MESSAGE: 'Order deleted'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the order. deleteOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Delete an Order Using a Timeout

To delete a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure ${\tt ordernum}$ that contains the order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE for the order to delete.

```
ordernum.EMSX SEQUENCE = 335877;
```

Delete the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and ordernum. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum,'timeOut',200)
events =
```

```
STATUS: '0'
MESSAGE: 'Order deleted'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the order. deleteOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Delete an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To delete a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure ${\tt ordernum}$ that contains the order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE for the order to delete.

```
ordernum.EMSX SEQUENCE = 335877;
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Delete the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and ordernum. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with deleting an order.

```
deleteOrder(c,ordernum, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes orders creates subs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Delete an Order Using an Options Structure

To delete a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure ordernum that contains the order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE for the order to delete.

```
ordernum.EMSX SEQUENCE = 335877;
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Delete the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection C, ordernum, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
events = deleteOrder(c,ordernum,options)
events =
    STATUS: '0'
    MESSAGE: 'Order deleted'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the order. deleteOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes orders creates subs.

b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c - Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

ordernum - Order numbers to delete

structure | integer

Order numbers to delete, specified as a structure or an integer to denote one or more order sequence numbers.

Data Types: struct | int32

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

```
events — Event queue contents
```

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- · "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

```
timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute | delete | deleteRoute |
emsx | modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop
```

deleteRoute

Delete Bloomberg EMSX active shares

Syntax

```
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum)
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum,'timeOut',timeout)

deleteRoute(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
____ = deleteRoute(c,routenum,options)
```

Description

events = deleteRoute(c,routenum) deletes the active shares that are routed but not filled using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and route number routenum. deleteRoute returns a status message using the default event handler.

events = deleteRoute(c,routenum, 'timeOut',timeout) specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

deleteRoute(____, 'useDefaultEventHandler', false) deletes the active shares that are routed but not filled using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with deleting the active shares. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = deleteRoute(c,routenum,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Delete Active Shares

To delete the active shares that are routed but not filled for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- 1 Create the connection c using emsx.
- 2 Set up an order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- **3** Create and route an order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route".

Define the structure routenum that contains the order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE for the routed order and route number EMSX ROUTE ID.

```
routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 335877;
routenum.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = 1;
```

Delete the active shares that are routed but not filled using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and routenum.

```
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum)
events =
    STATUS: '1'
    MESSAGE: 'Route cancellation request sent to broker'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the active shares. deleteRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Delete Active Shares Using a Timeout

To delete the active shares that are routed but not filled for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- 1 Create the connection c using emsx.
- 2 Set up an order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- **3** Create and route an order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route".

Define the structure routenum that contains the order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE for the routed order and route number EMSX ROUTE ID.

```
routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 335877;
routenum.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = 1;
```

Delete the active shares that are routed but not filled using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and routenum. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum,'timeOut',200)
events =
    STATUS: '1'
    MESSAGE: 'Route cancellation request sent to broker'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the active shares. deleteRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Delete Active Shares Using a Custom Event Handler

To delete the active shares that are routed but not filled for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- 1 Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c using emsx.
- **2** Set up an order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- **3** Create and route an order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route".

Define the structure routenum that contains the order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE for the routed order and route number EMSX ROUTE ID.

```
routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 335877;
routenum.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = 1;
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Delete the active shares that are routed but not filled using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and routenum. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with deleting the active shares.

```
deleteRoute(c,routenum, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Delete Active Shares Using an Options Structure

To delete the active shares that are routed but not filled for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- 1 Create the connection c using emsx.
- 2 Set up an order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- 3 Create and route an order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route".

Define the structure routenum that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE for the routed order and route number EMSX_ROUTE_ID.

```
routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 335877;
routenum.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = 1;
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Delete the active shares that are routed but not filled using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, routenum, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
events = deleteRoute(c,routenum,options)
events =
    STATUS: '1'
```

```
MESSAGE: 'Route cancellation request sent to broker'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with deleting the active shares. deleteRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX status
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

routenum - Route to delete

structure

Route to delete, specified as a structure containing fields ${\sf EMSX_SEQUENCE}$ and ${\sf EMSX_ROUTE_ID}.$

```
Example: routenum.EMSX_SEQUENCE = 728918;
routenum.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = 1;
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute | delete | deleteOrder | emsx | modifyOrder | modifyRoute | orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

getAllFieldMetaData

Obtain Bloomberg EMSX field information

Syntax

```
r = getAllFieldMetaData(c)
```

Description

r = getAllFieldMetaData(c) returns the Bloomberg EMSX field information using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

Examples

Request All Field Information

Create a connection c to the Bloomberg EMSX.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc_beta');
```

Request all fields supported by Bloomberg EMSX service using the Bloomberg EMSX connection ${\bf c}$.

```
r = getAllFieldMetaData(c)
r =

EMSX_FIELD_NAME: {113x1 cell}
    EMSX_DISP_NAME: {113x1 cell}
    EMSX_TYPE: {113x1 cell}
    EMSX_LEVEL: [113x1 double]
    EMSX_LENE: [113x1 double]
```

Display all field information for the first Bloomberg EMSX field using a cell array. Create a cell array from the fields in the returned data structure r.

```
{r.EMSX_FIELD_NAME{1} r.EMSX_DISP_NAME{1} r.EMSX_TYPE{1} r.EMSX_LEVEL(1) r.EMSX_LEN(1)}
```

```
'MSG_TYPE' 'Msg Type' 'String' [0] [1]
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

Output Arguments

r - Return information for all fields

structure

Return information for all fields, returned as a structure for all fields supported by Bloomberg EMSX.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

"Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

See Also

close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | emsx

getBrokerInfo

Obtain Bloomberg EMSX broker and strategy information

Syntax

```
r = getBrokerInfo(c,brokerstrat)
```

Description

r = getBrokerInfo(c,brokerstrat) obtains Bloomberg EMSX broker and strategy information using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and broker and strategy request structure brokerstrat.

Examples

Obtain Broker Information

Create a connection c to the Bloomberg EMSX.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Define the broker and strategy information structure brokerstrat. Obtain broker information using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and structure brokerstrat.

The ${\tt EMSX_BROKERS}$ field lists the Bloomberg EMSX brokers.

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Obtain Strategy Information

Create a connection **c** to the Bloomberg EMSX.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Define the broker and strategy information structure brokerstrat. Obtain strategy information using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and structure brokerstrat.

```
brokerstrat.EMSX_TICKER = 'ABCD US Equity';
brokerstrat.EMSX_BROKER = 'BMTB';

r = getBrokerInfo(c,brokerstrat)

r =

EMSX STRATEGIES: {16x1 cell}
```

The EMSX STRATEGIES field lists the Bloomberg EMSX strategies.

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Obtain Field Information

Create a connection **c** to the Bloomberg EMSX.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Define the broker and strategy information structure brokerstrat. Obtain field information using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and structure brokerstrat.

```
Disable: {3x1 cell}
StringValue: {3x1 cell}
```

The structure field FieldName lists the Bloomberg EMSX fields. The structure fields Disable and StringValue contain information about the Bloomberg EMSX fields.

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

brokerstrat - Broker and strategy request

structure

Broker and strategy request, specified as a structure that contains Bloomberg EMSX fields. Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available fields for brokerStrategyStruct.

```
Example: brokerstrat.EMSX_TICKER = 'ABCD US Equity';
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

r — Broker and strategy information

structure

Broker and strategy information, returned as a structure.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

· "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

See Also

close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx |
modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes

modifyOrder

Modify Bloomberg EMSX order

Syntax

```
events = modifyOrder(c,modorder)
events = modifyOrder(c,modorder,'timeOut',timeout)
modifyOrder(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
___ = modifyOrder(c,modorder,options)
```

Description

events = modifyOrder(c,modorder) modifies a Bloomberg EMSX order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modify order request structure modorder. modifyOrder returns a status message using the default event handler.

events = modifyOrder(c,modorder, 'timeOut',timeout) specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

modifyOrder(____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) modifies a Bloomberg EMSX order using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with modifying orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = modifyOrder(c,modorder,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when the flag useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Modify an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To modify a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure modorder that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE, the security EMSX_TICKER, and the number of shares EMSX_AMOUNT. This code modifies the order number 728905 for 200 shares of IBM. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modorder.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728905);
modorder.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modorder.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(200);
```

Modify the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modorder.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying the order. modifyOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Modify an Order Using a Timeout

To modify a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure modorder that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE, the security EMSX_TICKER, and the number of shares EMSX_AMOUNT. This code modifies the order number 728905 for 200 shares of IBM. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modorder.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728905);
modorder.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modorder.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(200);
```

Modify the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modorder. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
events = modifyOrder(c,modorder,'timeOut',200)
events =
    EMSX_SEQUENCE: 728905
         MESSAGE: 'Order Modified'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying the order. modifyOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Modify an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To modify a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** using **emsx**, set up the order subscription using **orders**, and create an order using **createOrder**. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure modorder that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE, the security EMSX_TICKER, and the number of shares EMSX_AMOUNT. This code modifies the order number 728905 for 200 shares of IBM. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modorder.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728905);
modorder.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modorder.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(200);
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Modify the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modorder. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with modifying an order.

```
modifyOrder(c,modorder, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Modify an Order Using an Options Structure

To modify a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create an order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order".

Define the structure modorder that contains the order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE, the security EMSX_TICKER, and the number of shares EMSX_AMOUNT. This code modifies the order number 728905 for 200 shares of IBM. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modorder.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728905);
modorder.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modorder.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(200);
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Modify the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection C, modorder, and options structure options.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying the order. modifyOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. This code assumes that orders creates subs.

b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

modorder - Modify order request

structure

Modify order request, specified as a structure that contains these fields.

Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available fields for modorder. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

Field	Description
EMSX_SEQUENCE	Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX number of shares

```
Example: modorder.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728905);
modorder.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
modorder.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
```

Data Types: struct

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx
| orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

modifyRoute

Modify Bloomberg EMSX route

Syntax

```
events = modifyRoute(c,modroute)
events = modifyRoute(c,modroute, 'timeOut',timeout)
modifyRoute(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
___ = modifyRoute(c,modroute,options)
```

Description

events = modifyRoute(c,modroute) modifies a Bloomberg EMSX route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and route request modroute. modifyRoute returns a status message using the default event handler.

events = modifyRoute(c,modroute, 'timeOut', timeout) specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

modifyRoute(____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) modifies a Bloomberg EMSX route using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with modifying routes. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = modifyRoute(c,modroute,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when the flag useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Modify a Route Using the Default Event Handler

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX_ROUTE_ID

This code instructs Bloomberg EMSX to route 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE ID = int32(1);
```

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modroute.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Modify a Route Using a Timeout

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX_TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX_AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX_ROUTE_ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modroute. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Modify a Route Using a Custom Event Handler

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX ROUTE ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and modroute. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with modifying a route.

```
modifyRoute(c,modroute, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Modify a Route Using an Options Structure

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- · Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX_ROUTE_ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection C, modroute, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
events = modifyRoute(c,modroute,options)
events =
```

```
EMSX_SEQUENCE: 0
EMSX_ROUTE_ID: 0
    MESSAGE: 'Route modified'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRoute returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- · "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

modroute - Modify route request

structure

Modify route request, specified as a structure with these fields.

Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available fields for modroute. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

Field	Description
EMSX_SEQUENCE	Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX number of shares
EMSX_ROUTE_ID	Bloomberg EMSX route identifier

```
Example: modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128);
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute | delete | deleteOrder |
modifyRouteWithStrat | orders | routes | start | stop

modifyRouteWithStrat

Modify route with strategies for Bloomberg EMSX

Syntax

```
events = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat)
events = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat,'timeOut',timeout)
modifyRouteWithStrat(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
____ = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat,options)
```

Description

events = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat) modifies a Bloomberg EMSX route with strategies using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route request modroute, and order strategy strat. modifyRouteWithStrat returns the order sequence number, route identifier, and status message using the default event handler.

events = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat,'timeOut',timeout)
specifies a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

modifyRouteWithStrat(_____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) modifies a Bloomberg EMSX route with strategies using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with modifying routes. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when the flag useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Modify a Route with Strategies Using the Default Event Handler

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- · Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX ROUTE ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, modroute, and strat.

```
events = modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat)
events =

EMSX_SEQUENCE: 0
EMSX_ROUTE ID: 0
```

```
MESSAGE: 'Route modified'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRouteWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- · Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Modify a Route with Strategies Using a Timeout

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- · Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX_AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX_ROUTE_ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
```

```
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, modroute, and strat. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRouteWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Modify a Route with Strategies Using a Custom Event Handler

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies:

- Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX ROUTE ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, modroute, and strat. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with modifying a route.

```
modifyRouteWithStrat(c,modroute,strat,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Modify a Route with Strategies Using an Options Structure

To modify a route for a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies:

- · Create the connection c using emsx.
- Set up the order and route subscription using orders and routes.
- Create and route the order using createOrderAndRoute.

For an example showing these activities, see "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route" on page 3-22.

Define the modroute structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number EMSX_SEQUENCE
- Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol EMSX TICKER
- Bloomberg EMSX number of shares EMSX AMOUNT
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier EMSX ROUTE ID

This code modifies the route to 100 shares of IBM for order sequence number 731128 and route identifier 1. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

```
modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128)
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Modify the route using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, modroute, strat, and options structure options.

The default event handler processes the events associated with modifying a route. modifyRouteWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- · Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

"Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

modroute - Modify route request

structure

Modify route request, specified as a structure with these fields.

Use getAllFieldMetaData to view all available fields for modroute. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32.

Field	Description
EMSX_SEQUENCE	Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX number of shares
EMSX_ROUTE_ID	Bloomberg EMSX route identifier

```
Example: modroute.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(731128);
modroute.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
modroute.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
modroute.EMSX_ROUTE_ID = int32(1);
```

Data Types: struct

strat — Order strategies

structure

Order strategies, specified as a structure that contains the fields: EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME, EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS, and EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS. The structure field values must align with the strategy fields specified by EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME. For details about strategy fields and ordering, see getBrokerInfo.

Convert EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS to a 32-bit signed integer using int32. Set EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS equal to 0 for each field to use the field data setting in EMSX_FIELD_DATA. Or, set EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS equal to 1 to ignore the data in EMSX_FIELD_DATA.

```
Example: strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- · "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | createOrder | createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | getBrokerInfo | modifyRoute | orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

orders

Obtain Bloomberg EMSX order subscription

Syntax

```
[events, subs] = orders(c, fields)

[events, subs] = orders(c, fields, Name, Value)
[events, subs] = orders(c, fields, options)
```

Description

[events, subs] = orders(c, fields) subscribes to Bloomberg EMSX fields fields using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. orders returns existing event data events from the event queue and the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list subs.

[events, subs] = orders(c, fields, Name, Value) uses additional options specified by one or more Name, Value pair arguments to specify a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

[events, subs] = orders(c, fields, options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The options structure fields and values correspond to names and values of name-value pair arguments, respectively.

Examples

Subscribe to Order Events Using the Default Event Handler

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Subscribe to events for Bloomberg EMSX orders using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and Bloomberg EMSX field list fields.

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Subscribe to Order Events Using the Custom Event Handler

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc_beta');
```

Write a custom event handler function named eventhandler. Run the custom event handler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the timer object.

Subscribe to events for Bloomberg EMSX orders using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and Bloomberg EMSX field list fields. Use the custom event handler by setting the name-value pair argument 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false.

```
fields = {'EMSX BROKER', 'EMSX AMOUNT', 'EMSX FILLED'};
```

```
[events,subs] = orders(c,fields,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
events =
    []
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@2c5b1c7e
```

events contains an empty double. The custom event handler processes the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Subscribe to Order Events Using a Timeout

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Subscribe to events for Bloomberg EMSX orders using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and Bloomberg EMSX field list fields. Specify the name-value pair argument timeOut and set it to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
fields = {'EMSX_BROKER', 'EMSX_AMOUNT', 'EMSX_FILLED'};
[events, subs] = orders(c, fields, 'timeOut', 200)
events =
```

```
MSG_TYPE: {'E'}
MSG_SUB_TYPE: {'O'}
EVENT_STATUS: 4
...
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@4bc3dc78
```

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Subscribe to Order Events Using the Options Structure

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Subscribe to events for Bloomberg EMSX orders using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, Bloomberg EMSX field list fields, and options structure options.

```
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@4bc3dc78
```

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from order events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

fields — Bloomberg EMSX field information

cell array

Bloomberg EMSX field information, specified using a cell array. Use getAllFieldMetaData to view available field information for the Bloomberg EMSX service.

```
Example: 'EMSX_TICKER'
'EMSX_AMOUNT'
'EMSX_ORDER_TYPE'
Data Types: cell
```

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure instead of name-value pair arguments to reuse the optional name-value pair arguments to specify a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

The options structure field and values correspond to names and values of the namevalue pair arguments, respectively.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

```
Example: 'useDefaultEventHandler',false
```

```
'useDefaultEventHandler' — Flag for event handler preference true (default) | false
```

Flag for event handler preference, indicating whether to use the default or custom event handler to process order events, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of 'useDefaultEventHandler' and the logical values true or false.

To specify the default event handler, set this flag to true.

Otherwise, set this flag to false to specify a custom event handler.

```
Data Types: logical
```

'timeOut' — Timeout value for event handler

```
500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer
```

Timeout value for event handler for the Bloomberg EMSX service, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of 'timeOut' and a nonnegative integer in units of milliseconds.

```
Example: 'timeOut',200
```

Data Types: double

Output Arguments

events - Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

When the name-value pair argument 'useDefaultEventHandler' or the same field for the structure options is set to false, events is an empty double.

subs — Bloomberg EMSX subscription list

subscription list object

Bloomberg EMSX subscription list, returned as a Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

More About

Tips

- For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.
- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx
| getAllFieldMetaData | modifyOrder | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

emsxOrderBlotter

Bloomberg EMSX example order blotter

Syntax

```
[t,subs] = emsxOrderBlotter(c)
```

Description

[t,subs] = emsxOrderBlotter(c) displays a trader's order information. c is the Bloomberg EMSX connection, t is the timer object associated with the event handler, and subs is the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list.

Examples

Display the Order in an Order Blotter

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc_beta');
```

Open Bloomberg EMSX order blotter using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
StopFcn: ''
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@3e24da58
```

emsxOrderBlotter returns the timer object output and the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object. For details about the timer object, see timer.

SEQUENCE	TICKER	SIDE	TYPE	WORKING	FILLED	TIF	BROKER	STATUS	HANDLING	AVGPRC	LMTPRC	TRADER	GTD	STOPPRO
31417 GO					0	DAY	BB	SIATOS	TIANEDERINO	0	0	CGARVIN	010	0
31490 IBM			MKT	0	250	DAY	BB			189.79	0	CGARVIN		0
31491 IBM	1 1	BUY	MKT	200	200	DAY	BB			189.38	0	CGARVIN		0
B1492 IBM	1 1	BUY	MKT	0	0	DAY	BB			0	0	CGARVIN		0
B1494 IBM	1 8	BUY	MKT	0	0	DAY	BB			0	0	CGARVIN		0
31495 IBM	1 1			0	0	DAY	BB			0	0	CGARVIN		0
31496 IBM	1 1	BUY	MKT	0	0	DAY	BB			0	0	CGARVIN		0

The order blotter displays the current order information for a trader.

Create the order request structure order to define the order parameters. This code creates a buy market order for 330 shares of IBM. This code uses the broker BB with the time in force set to DAY and any hand instruction. Convert the number of shares to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
order.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
order.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(330);
order.EMSX_ORDER_TYPE = 'MKT';
order.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
order.EMSX_TIF = 'DAY';
order.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
order.EMSX_SIDE = 'BUY';
```

Create and route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and the order request structure order. Use the custom event handler processEventToBlotter by setting the name-value pair argument 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false.

```
events = createOrderAndRoute(c,order,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

```
events =
   []
CreateOrderAndRoute = {
   EMSX_SEQUENCE = 381499
   EMSX_ROUTE_ID = 1
   MESSAGE = Order created and routed
}
```

createOrderAndRoute creates the order, routes the order, and returns a structure events that contains an empty double. processEventToBlotter displays output from createOrderAndRoute with the order number EMSX_SEQUENCE, route number EMSX ROUTE ID, and message: Order created and routed.



The order blotter updates using the information for the created and routed order, where order number EMSX_SEQUENCE is 381499, using the event handler function processEventToBlotter. The order blotter updates as orders are created and managed.

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"

"Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

Output Arguments

t - MATLAB timer

object

MATLAB timer, returned as a MATLAB object. For details, see timer.

subs — Bloomberg EMSX subscription list

subscription list object

Bloomberg EMSX subscription list, returned as a Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

• "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx |
modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes

processEvent

Sample Bloomberg EMSX event handler

Syntax

processEvent(c)

Description

processEvent(c) displays and flushes the event queue associated with the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. processEvent is a sample event handler function. You can build a custom event handler function to process Bloomberg EMSX events.

Examples

Continually Process the Bloomberg EMSX Event Queue

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Use timer to continually process the Bloomberg EMSX event queue.

```
t = timer('TimerFcn',{@processEvent,c},'Period',1,...
    'ExecutionMode','fixedRate')
```

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Process the Bloomberg EMSX Event Queue Once

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Use the default event handler function processEvent to process the Bloomberg EMSX event queue once.

processEvent(c)

```
SessionConnectionUp = {
    server = "localhost/127.0.0.1:8194"
}
SessionStarted = {
}
ServiceOpened = {
    serviceName = "//blp/emapisvc_beta"
}
```

processEvent clears the Bloomberg EMSX event queue.

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx |
modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes

routeOrder

Route Bloomberg EMSX order

Syntax

```
events = routeOrder(c,route)
events = routeOrder(c,route, 'timeOut',timeout)
routeOrder(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
____ = routeOrder(c,route,options)
```

Description

events = routeOrder(c,route) routes a Bloomberg EMSX order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and route request route. routeOrder returns a status message using the default event handler.

events = routeOrder(c,route, 'timeOut',timeOut) specifies a timeout value timeOut for the execution of the default event handler.

routeOrder(____, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false) routes a Bloomberg EMSX order using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with routing orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = routeOrder(c,route,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when the flag useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Route an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection C using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and route.

The default event handler processes the events associated with routing the order. routeOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Route an Order Using a Timeout

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection **c** and **route**. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. **timeOut** specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

The default event handler processes the events associated with routing the order. routeOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Route an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and route. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with routing an order.

```
routeOrder(c,route, 'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Route an Order Using an Options Structure

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order, create the connection C using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route, and options structure options.

The default event handler processes the events associated with routing the order. routeOrder returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- · Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

route - Route request

structure

Route request, specified as a structure containing these fields.

Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. EMSX_SEQUENCE must denote an existing order sequence number.

Field	Description
EMSX_SEQUENCE	Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number

Field	Description
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX number of shares
EMSX_BROKER	Bloomberg EMSX broker name
EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION	Bloomberg EMSX hand instruction

```
Example: route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728918);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

```
events — Event queue contents
```

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- · "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx
| modifyOrder | orders | routeOrderWithStrat | routes | start | stop

routeOrderWithStrat

Route Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies

Syntax

```
events = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat)
events = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,'timeOut',timeout)
routeOrderWithStrat(____,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
____ = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,options)
```

Description

events = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat) routes a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route request route, and strategy structure strat. routeOrderWithStrat returns the order sequence number, route number, and status message using the default event handler.

events = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,'timeOut',timeout) specifies
a timeout value timeout for the execution of the default event handler.

routeOrderWithStrat(____, 'useDefaultEventHandler', false) routes a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies using any of the input arguments in the previous syntaxes and a custom event handler. Write a custom event handler to process the events associated with routing orders. This syntax does not have an output argument because the custom event handler processes the contents of the event queue. If you want to use the default event handler instead, set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to true and use the events output argument. By default, the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' is set to true.

___ = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The available options structure fields are timeOut and useDefaultEventHandler. Use the events output argument when the flag useDefaultEventHandler is set to true and omit this output argument when useDefaultEventHandler is set to false.

Examples

Route an Order Using the Default Event Handler

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BMTB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BMTB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route, and strat.

The default event handler processes the events associated with routing the order. routeOrderWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Route an Order Using a Timeout

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BMTB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BMTB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route, and strat. Set the timeout value to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
events = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,'timeOut',200)
events =
    EMSX SEQUENCE: 335877
```

```
EMSX_ROUTE_ID: 1
    MESSAGE: 'Order Routed'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with routing the order. routeOrderWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- · Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.
```

close(c)

Route an Order Using a Custom Event Handler

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BMTB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BMTB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route, and strat. Set the flag 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false so that eventhandler processes the events associated with routing an order.

```
routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
```

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

```
close(c)
```

Route an Order Using an Options Structure

To route a Bloomberg EMSX order with strategies, create the connection c using emsx, set up the order subscription using orders, and create the order using createOrder. For an example showing these activities, see "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order". Set up the route subscription using routes.

Define the route request structure route. Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. This code specifies to route 100 shares of IBM to the broker BMTB using any hand instruction and the order number 335877.

```
route.EMSX SEQUENCE = int32(335877);
```

```
route.EMSX_TICKER = 'IBM';
route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100);
route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BMTB';
route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY';
```

Create the order strategies structure strat using the strategy SSP. Convert the field indicators to a 32-bit signed integer using int32.

```
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Route the order using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c, route, strat, and options structure options.

```
options.useDefaultEventHandler = true;
options.timeOut = 200;
events = routeOrderWithStrat(c,route,strat,options)
events =

EMSX_SEQUENCE: 335877
EMSX_ROUTE_ID: 1

MESSAGE: 'Order Bouted'
```

The default event handler processes the events associated with routing the order. routeOrderWithStrat returns events as a structure that contains these fields:

- Bloomberg EMSX order number
- Bloomberg EMSX route identifier
- Bloomberg EMSX message

Unsubscribe from order and route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list objects osubs and rsubs. This code assumes that orders creates osubs and routes creates rsubs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(osubs)
b.Session.unsubscribe(rsubs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- · "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

route - Route request

structure

Route request, specified as a structure containing these fields.

Convert the numbers to 32-bit signed integers using int32. EMSX_SEQUENCE must denote an existing order sequence number.

Field	Description
EMSX_SEQUENCE	Bloomberg EMSX order sequence number
EMSX_TICKER	Bloomberg EMSX ticker symbol
EMSX_AMOUNT	Bloomberg EMSX number of shares
EMSX_BROKER	Bloomberg EMSX broker name
EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION	Bloomberg EMSX hand instruction

```
Example: route.EMSX_SEQUENCE = int32(728918); route.EMSX_TICKER = 'XYZ'; route.EMSX_AMOUNT = int32(100); route.EMSX_BROKER = 'BB'; route.EMSX_HAND_INSTRUCTION = 'ANY'; Data Types: struct
```

strat - Order strategies

structure

Order strategies, specified as a structure that contains the fields: EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME, EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS, and EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS. The structure field values must align with the strategy fields specified by EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME. For details about strategy fields and ordering, see getBrokerInfo.

Convert EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS to a 32-bit signed integer using int32. Set EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS equal to 0 for each field to use the field data setting in EMSX_FIELD_DATA. Or, set EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS equal to 1 to ignore the data in EMSX_FIELD_DATA.

```
Example: strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_NAME = 'SSP';
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELD_INDICATORS = int32([0 0 0]);
strat.EMSX_STRATEGY_FIELDS = {'09:30:00','14:30:00',50};
Data Types: struct
```

timeout — Timeout value

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value, specified as a nonnegative integer to denote the time in milliseconds the default or custom event handler waits for an event in the current queue.

Data Types: double

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure to reuse the settings for specifying a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Output Arguments

```
events — Event queue contents double | structure
```

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

More About

Tips

For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx
| getBrokerInfo | modifyOrder | orders | routeOrder | routes | start | stop

routes

Obtain Bloomberg EMSX route subscription

Syntax

```
[events, subs] = routes(c, fields)

[events, subs] = routes(c, fields, Name, Value)
[events, subs] = routes(c, fields, options)
```

Description

[events, subs] = routes(c, fields) subscribes to Bloomberg EMSX fields fields using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. routes returns existing event data events from the event queue and the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list subs.

[events, subs] = routes(c, fields, Name, Value) uses additional options specified by one or more Name, Value pair arguments to specify a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

[events, subs] = routes(c, fields, options) uses the options structure to customize the output, which is useful to preconfigure and save your options for repeated use. The options structure fields and values correspond to names and values of name-value pair arguments, respectively.

Examples

Set Up Route Subscription Using the Default Event Handler

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc_beta');
```

Set up the route subscription for Bloomberg EMSX fields EMSX_BROKER and EMSX_WORKING using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
fields = {'EMSX_BROKER','EMSX_WORKING'};
```

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Set Up Route Subscription Using a Custom Event Handler

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Write a custom event handler function named eventhandler. Run the custom event handler using timer. Start the timer to run eventhandler immediately using start. For details, see "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17.

t is the timer object.

Set up the route subscription for Bloomberg EMSX fields EMSX_BROKER and EMSX_WORKING using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. Use the custom event handler by setting the name-value pair argument 'useDefaultEventHandler' to false.

```
fields = {'EMSX BROKER', 'EMSX WORKING'};
```

```
[events,subs] = routes(c,fields,'useDefaultEventHandler',false)
events =
    []
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@463b9287
```

events is an empty double. The custom event handler processes the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs. Stop the timer to stop data updates using stop.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
stop(t)
```

Delete the timer if you are done processing data updates using delete.

```
delete(t)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Set Up Route Subscription Using a Timeout

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Set up the route subscription for Bloomberg EMSX fields EMSX_BROKER and EMSX_WORKING using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c. Specify the name-value pair argument timeOut and set it to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code.

```
fields = {'EMSX_BROKER', 'EMSX_WORKING'};
[events, subs] = routes(c, fields, 'timeOut', 200)
events =
```

```
MSG_TYPE: {5x1 cell}
MSG_SUB_TYPE: {5x1 cell}
EVENT_STATUS: [5x1 int32]
...
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@463b9287
```

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

```
b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)
```

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

Set Up Route Subscription Using an Options Structure

Create the Bloomberg EMSX connection c.

```
c = emsx('//blp/emapisvc beta');
```

Create a structure options. To use the default event handler, set the field useDefaultEventHandler to true. Set the field timeOut to 200 milliseconds. timeOut specifies how long the event handler listens to the queue for an event for each iteration of the code. Set up the route subscription for Bloomberg EMSX fields EMSX_BROKER and EMSX_WORKING using the Bloomberg EMSX connection c and options structure options.

```
subs =
com.bloomberglp.blpapi.SubscriptionList@463b9287
```

events contains fields for the events currently in the event queue. subs contains the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

Unsubscribe from route events using the Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object subs.

b.Session.unsubscribe(subs)

Close the Bloomberg EMSX connection.

close(c)

- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order"
- "Create and Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Route"
- "Manage a Bloomberg EMSX Order and Route"

Input Arguments

c — Bloomberg EMSX service connection

connection object

Bloomberg EMSX service connection, specified as a connection object created using emsx.

fields — Bloomberg EMSX field information

cell array

Bloomberg EMSX field information, specified using a cell array. Use getAllFieldMetaData to view available field information for the Bloomberg EMSX service.

```
Example: 'EMSX_TICKER'
'EMSX_AMOUNT'
'EMSX_ORDER_TYPE'
Data Types: cell
```

options — Options for custom event handler or timeout value

structure

Options for custom event handler or timeout value, specified as a structure. Use the options structure instead of name-value pair arguments to reuse the optional name-value pair arguments to specify a custom event handler or timeout value for the event handler.

The options structure field and values correspond to names and values of the name-value pair arguments, respectively.

Specify using a custom event handler and a timeout value of 500 milliseconds.

```
Example: options.useDefaultEventHandler = false;
options.timeOut = 500;
Data Types: struct
```

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

```
Example: 'useDefaultEventHandler',false
```

```
'useDefaultEventHandler' — Flag for event handler preference true (default) | false
```

Flag for event handler preference, indicating whether to use the default or custom event handler to process order events, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of 'useDefaultEventHandler' and the logical values true or false.

To specify the default event handler, set this flag to true.

Otherwise, set this flag to false to specify a custom event handler.

```
Data Types: logical
```

'timeOut' — Timeout value for event handler

500 milliseconds (default) | nonnegative integer

Timeout value for event handler for the Bloomberg EMSX service, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of 'timeOut' and a nonnegative integer in units of milliseconds.

Example: 'timeOut',200

Data Types: double

Output Arguments

events — Event queue contents

double | structure

Event queue contents, returned as a double or structure.

If the event queue contains events, events is a structure containing the current contents of the event queue. Otherwise, events is an empty double.

When the name-value pair argument 'useDefaultEventHandler' or the same field for the structure options is set to false, events is an empty double.

subs — Bloomberg EMSX subscription list

subscription list object

Bloomberg EMSX subscription list, returned as a Bloomberg EMSX subscription list object.

More About

Tips

- For details about Bloomberg EMSX, see the *EMSX API Programmer's Guide* using the **WAPI <GO>** option from the Bloomberg terminal.
- Suppose you create a custom event handler function called eventhandler with input argument c. Run eventhandler using this code.

t is the MATLAB timer object. For details, see timer.

- "Workflow for Bloomberg EMSX"
- "Writing and Running Custom Event Handler Functions" on page 1-17

See Also

timer | close | createOrder | createOrderAndRoute |
createOrderAndRouteWithStrat | delete | deleteOrder | deleteRoute | emsx
| getAllFieldMetaData | modifyOrder | modifyRoute | orders | routeOrder |
start | stop

xtrdr

Create X_TRADER connection

Syntax

X = xtrdr

Description

X = xtrdr starts X_TRADER or connects to an existing X_TRADER session.

Examples

Create a Connection to X_TRADER

- "X_TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X_TRADER Order Submission"

Output Arguments

X — X TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, returned as a connection object for an X_TRADER session.

Limitations

• You should only create one X_TRADER connection per MATLAB session. To create a new X_TRADER connection, start a new MATLAB session.

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- X_TRADER API

See Also

close

close

Close X_TRADER connection

Syntax

close(X)

Description

close(X) closes the X_TRADER connection X.

Examples

Close X_TRADER Connection

close(X)

- "X_TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X TRADER Order Submission"

Input Arguments

X — X TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, specified as a connection object created using xtrdr.

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- X_TRADER API

See Also

xtrdr

createInstrument

Create instrument for X_TRADER

Syntax

```
createInstrument(c,s)
createInstrument(c,Name,Value)
```

Description

createInstrument(c,s) creates the X_TRADER instrument defined by the structure s with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

createInstrument(c,Name,Value) creates the instrument using one or more Name,Value pair arguments with names and values corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Examples

Create an X_TRADER Instrument Using an Input Structure

The instruments used in these examples continually expire. To ensure you use a current instrument, see the **Market Explorer** in X_TRADER Pro.

Create the X TRADER connection.

```
c = xtrdr;
```

Define an input structure **S** with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For example, create the input structure for Euro-Bobl Futures.

```
s = [];
s.Exchange = 'Eurex';
s.Product = 'OGBM';
```

```
s.ProdType = 'Option';
s.Contract = 'Jan12 P12300';
s.Alias = 'TestInstrument3';
s
s =

    Exchange: 'Eurex'
    Product: 'OGBM'
    ProdType: 'Option'
    Contract: 'Jan12 P12300'
         Alias: 'TestInstrument3'
```

Requirement: Restart the MATLAB session before reusing an 'Alias' setting.

```
Create an X TRADER instrument.
```

```
createInstrument(c,s)
```

Close the connection.

close(c)

Create an X_TRADER Instrument Using Name-Value Pairs

Create the X_TRADER connection.

```
c = xtrdr;
```

Create an X_TRADER instrument for Euro-Bobl Futures using name-value pair arguments corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options.

Close the connection.

close(c)

Retrieve Data Using Multiple X_TRADER Instruments

Create the X_TRADER connection.

```
c = xtrdr;
```

Create an X_TRADER instrument for Euro-Bobl Futures using name-value pair arguments corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options.

Create another X_TRADER instrument for CAISO NP15 EZ Gen Hub 5 MW Peak Calendar-Day Real-Time LMP Futures using name-value pair arguments corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. This contract expires in April 2014.

Create another X_TRADER instrument for CAISO NP15 EZ Gen Hub 5 MW Peak Calendar-Day Real-Time LMP Futures using name-value pair arguments corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. This contract expires in October 2014.

Retrieve the exchange and product identifier for all three X_TRADER instruments.

```
d = getData(c,{'Exchange','Product'})
d =
    Exchange: {3x1 cell}
    Product: {3x1 cell}
```

d is a structure containing the Exchange and Product fields. The fields are cell arrays.

Display the Exchange field.

d.Exchange

```
ans =
    'Eurex'
    'CME'
    'CME'
```

The Exchange field contains the exchange names Eurex and CME for the three X TRADER instruments.

Close the connection.

close(c)

- "X_TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X TRADER Order Submission"

Input Arguments

c - X TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, specified as a connection object created using xtrdr.

s - X_TRADER input structure

structure

X_TRADER input structure, specified using fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Caution: If the symbols for the exchange are entered incorrectly or the exchange server is down, an error appears. For example, if the exchange is "CME" and the CME exchange server is down, then this error appears: The price server for the Exchange CME is down. Unable to create instrument.

```
Example: s = [];
s.Exchange = 'Eurex';
s.Product = 'OGBM';
s.ProdType = 'Option';
s.Contract = 'Jan12 P12300';
s.Alias = 'TestInstrument3';
Data Types: struct
```

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single

quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

Example:

createInstrument(X,'Exchange','Eurex','Product','OGBM','ProdType','Option','Co P12300','Alias','TestInstrument3')

'Property1' - Valid X_TRADER API options

string

Valid X_TRADER API options, specified using information in the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Requirements:

- When using the 'Alias' name-value pair argument, ensure that every 'Alias' name is unique across all X TRADER instruments.
- · Restart the MATLAB session before reusing an 'Alias' name.

Otherwise, createInstrument returns an error.

Data Types: char

'Property2' — Valid X_TRADER API options

string

Valid X_TRADER API options, specified using information in the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Data Types: char

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- X_TRADER API

See Also

createNotifier | createOrderProfile | createOrderSet | xtrdr

createNotifier

Create instrument notifier for X TRADER

Syntax

```
createNotifier(X,S)
createNotifier(X,Name,Value)
```

Description

createNotifier(X,S) creates the xtrdr instrument notifier defined by the structure S with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

createNotifier(X,Name,Value) creates the instrument notifier using X_TRADER API options specified by one or more Name,Value pair arguments with names and values corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Examples

Create an X_TRADER Instrument Notifier Using an Input Structure

```
Start X_TRADER.

X = xtrdr;

Define an input structure, S, with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options.

S = [];
S.Instrument = [];
S.UpdateFilter = '';
S.EnablePriceUpdates = -1;
S.EnableDepthUpdates = 0;
```

```
S.DebugLogLevel = 3;
S.EnableOrderSetUpdates = -1;
S.PriceList = [];
S.DeliverAllPriceUpdates = 0;
S =
                 Instrument: []
               UpdateFilter: ''
        EnablePriceUpdates: -1
        EnableDepthUpdates: 0
             DebugLogLevel: 3
     EnableOrderSetUpdates: -1
                  PriceList: []
    DeliverAllPriceUpdates: 0
Create an xtrdr instrument notifier.
createNotifier(X,S)
Close the connection.
close(X)
Create an X_TRADER Instrument Notifier Using Name-Value Pairs
Start X_TRADER.
X = xtrdr;
Create an Xtrdr instrument using name-value pairs corresponding to valid X_TRADER
API options.
createNotifier(X,'Instrument',[],'UpdateFilter','',...
               'EnablePriceUpdates',-1,'EnableDepthUpdates',0,...
               'DebugLogLevel',3, 'EnableOrderSetUpdates',-1,...
               'PriceList',[], 'DeliverAllPriceUpdates',0)
Close the connection.
close(X)
    "X_TRADER Price Update"
```

- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X TRADER Order Submission"

Input Arguments

X — X TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, specified as a connection object created using xtrdr.

S - xtrdr input structure with fields

structure

xtrdr input structure, specified with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: S = [];
S.Exchange = 'Eurex';
S.Product = 'OGBM';
S.ProdType = 'Option';
S.Contract = 'Jan12 P12300';
S.Alias = 'TestInstrument3';
Data Types: struct
```

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

```
Example: createNotifier(X,'Instrument',
[],'UpdateFilter','','EnablePriceUpdates',-1,'EnableDepthUpdates',0,'DebugLogL
[],'DeliverAllPriceUpdates',0)
```

```
'Property1' — Valid X_TRADER API options string
```

Valid X_TRADER API options, specified using the details described in Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: createNotifier(X,'Instrument',
[],'UpdateFilter','','EnablePriceUpdates',-1,'EnableDepthUpdates',0,'DebugLogL
[],'DeliverAllPriceUpdates',0)
Data Types: char
```

'Property2' — Valid X_TRADER API options

string

Valid X_TRADER API options, specified using the details described in Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: createNotifier(X,'Instrument',
[],'UpdateFilter','','EnablePriceUpdates',-1,'EnableDepthUpdates',0,'DebugLogL
[],'DeliverAllPriceUpdates',0)
Data Types: char
```

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- X_TRADER API

See Also

createInstrument | createOrderProfile | createOrderSet | xtrdr

createOrderProfile

Create order profile for X TRADER

Syntax

```
P = createOrderProfile(X,S)
P = createOrderProfile(X,Name,Value)
```

Description

P = createOrderProfile(X,S) creates an order profile defined by the structure S with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

P = createOrderProfile(X,Name,Value) creates an order profile using X_TRADER API options specified by one or more Name,Value pair arguments with names and values corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X TRADER API Class Reference.

Examples

Create an Order Profile Using an Input Structure

```
Start X_TRADER.
X = xtrdr;
```

Define an input structure, S, with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options.

```
S = [];
S.Instrument = [];
S.Customer = '';
S.Alias = '';
S.ReadProperties = 'b';
S.WriteProperties = 'b';
```

```
S.Customers = {'<Default>'};
S.RoundOption = 2;
S.CustomerDefaults = [];
S =
          Instrument: []
            Customer: ''
               Alias: ''
      ReadProperties: 'b'
     WriteProperties: 'b'
           Customers: {'<Default>'}
         RoundOption: 2
    CustomerDefaults: []
Create an order profile.
P = createOrderProfile(X,S);
Close the connection.
close(X)
Create an Order Profile Using Name-Value Pairs
```

Start X TRADER.

```
X = xtrdr;
```

Create an order profile using name-value pairs corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options.

```
createOrderProfile(X,'Instrument',[],'Customer','',...
              'Alias','','ReadProperties','b',...
             'WriteProperties', 'b', 'Customers', { '<Default>'},...
              'RoundOption',2,'CustomerDefaults',[])
```

Close the connection.

close(X)

- "X_TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X TRADER Order Submission"

Input Arguments

X — X TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, specified as a connection object created using xtrdr.

S - xtrdr input structure with fields

structure

xtrdr input structure, specified with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: S = [];
S.Exchange = 'Eurex';
S.Product = 'OGBM';
S.ProdType = 'Option';
S.Contract = 'Jan12 P12300';
S.Alias = 'TestInstrument3';
Data Types: struct
```

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

```
Example: createOrderProfile(X,'Instrument',
[],'Customer','<Default>','Alias','','RoundOption',2,'CustomerDefaults')
```

'Property1' — Valid X_TRADER API options

string

Valid X_TRADER API options, specified using the details described in Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: createOrderProfile(X, 'Instrument',
[], 'Customer', '<Default>', 'Alias', '', 'RoundOption',2, 'CustomerDefaults')
```

Data Types: char

'Property2' — Valid X_TRADER API options

string

Valid X_TRADER API options, specified using the details described in Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: createOrderProfile(X, 'Instrument',
[], 'Customer', '<Default>', 'Alias', '', 'RoundOption',2, 'CustomerDefaults')
Data Types: char
```

Output Arguments

P — Order profile

structure

Order profile, returned as a structure.

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- · X TRADER API

See Also

createInstrument | createNotifier | createOrderSet | xtrdr

createOrderSet

Create order set for X TRADER

Syntax

createOrderSet(X)
createOrderSet(X,S)
createOrderSet(X,Name,Value)

Description

createOrderSet(X) creates an Xtrdr order set with empty properties. You can set the properties individually using X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

createOrderSet(X,S) creates an xtrdr order set defined by the structure S with fields corresponding to X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

createOrderSet(X,Name,Value) creates an order set using X_TRADER API options specified by one or more Name,Value pair arguments with names and values corresponding to X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X TRADER API Class Reference.

Examples

Create an Empty Order Set

Start X TRADER.

X = xtrdr;

Create an order set without any properties.

```
createOrderSet(X)
Close the connection.
close(X)
Create an Order Set Using an Input Structure
Start X_TRADER.
X = xtrdr;
Define an input structure, S, with fields corresponding to X TRADER API options.
S = [];
S.Count = 0;
S.Alias = '';
S.ReadProperties = 'b';
S.WriteProperties = 'b';
S.EnableOrderSetUpdates = -1;
S.EnableOrderFillData = 0;
S.EnableOrderSend = 0;
S.EnableOrderAutoDelete = 0;
S.QuotingOrderProfile = [];
S.DebugLogLevel = 3;
S.QuoteWithCancelReplace = 0;
S.EnableOrderUpdateData = 0;
S.EnableFillCaching = 0;
S.AvgOpenPriceMode = 'NONE';
S.EnableOrderRejectData = 0;
S.OrderStatusNotifyMode = 'ORD NOTIFY NONE';
Create an order set.
createOrderSet(X,S)
Close the connection.
close(X)
Create an Order Set Using Name-Value Pair Arguments
Start X TRADER.
X = xtrdr;
```

Create an order set using name-value pair arguments corresponding to X_TRADER API options.

```
createOrderSet(X,'Count',0,'Alias','','ReadProperties','b',...
    'WriteProperties','b','EnableOrderSetUpdates',-1,...
    'EnableOrderFillData',0,'EnableOrderSend',0,...
    'EnableOrderAutoDelete',0,'QuotingOrderProfile',[],...
    'DebugLogLevel,3,'QuoteWithCancelReplace',0,...
    'EnableOrderUpdateData',0,'EnableFillCaching',0,...
    'AygOpenPriceMode','NONE','EnableOrderRejectData',0,...
    'OrderStatusNotifyMode','ORD_NOTIFY_NONE')
```

Close the connection.

close(X)

- "X TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X TRADER Order Submission"

Input Arguments

X — X TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, specified as a connection object created using xtrdr.

S - X_TRADER API properties

structure

X_TRADER API properties, specified as a structure where the field names match the X_TRADER API properties. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: S = [];
S.Exchange = 'Eurex';
S.Product = 'OGBM';
S.ProdType = 'Option';
S.Contract = 'Jan12 P12300';
S.Alias = 'TestInstrument3';
Data Types: struct
```

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

Example:

createOrderSet(X,'Count',0,'Alias','','ReadProperties','b','WriteProperties','
[]'DebugLogLevel,3,'QuoteWithCancelReplace',0,'EnableOrderUpdateData',0,'Enabl

'Property1' — X_TRADER API options

string

 X_TRADER API options, specified using the details described in Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Data Types: char

'Property2' — X_TRADER API options

string

X_TRADER API options, specified using the details described in Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

Data Types: char

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- X TRADER API

See Also

createInstrument | createNotifier | createOrderProfile | xtrdr

getData

Obtain current X TRADER data

Syntax

```
D = getData(X,S,F)
D = getData(X,F)
```

Description

D = getData(X,S,F) returns data for the fields F for the xtrdr instrument object, S, with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X_TRADER API Class Reference.

D = getData(X,F) returns data for the fields F for all instruments associated with the xtrdr session object, X.

Examples

Return Exchange and Last Price for an Instrument

Return the exchange and last price fields for the instrument defined in x.Instrument(1).

```
D = getData(X,X.Instrument(1),{'Exchange','Last'});
D =

Exchange: {'CME'}
    Last: {'45'}
```

Return Exchange and Last Price for an Alias

Return the exchange and last price fields for the instrument defined by the alias PriceInstrument1.

```
D = getData(X, 'PriceInstrument1', { 'Exchange', 'Last'});

D =

Exchange: { 'CME'}
    Last: { '45'}
```

Return Exchange and Last Price for All Session Instruments

Return the exchange and last price fields for all instruments associated with the xtrdr session object, X.

- "X_TRADER Price Update"
- "X_TRADER Price Update Depth"
- "X TRADER Order Submission"

Input Arguments

X — X_TRADER connection

connection object

X_TRADER connection, specified as a connection object created using xtrdr.

S — Instrument object

instrument

Instrument object created by createInstrument or aliases with fields corresponding to valid X_TRADER API options. For details, see the Trading Technologies X_TRADER API Programming Tutorial or X TRADER API Class Reference.

```
Example: x.Instrument(1)
```

F — Fields for the instrument object

string | cell array of strings

Fields for the instrument object or aliases, S. F without a corresponding S are fields for all instruments associated with the xtrdr session object, X.

```
Example: {'Exchange', 'Last'}
Data Types: char | cell
```

Output Arguments

D — X_TRADER data

strings

X_TRADER data, returned as strings in MATLAB and missing data is returned as NaN.

More About

- "Workflows for Trading Technologies X_TRADER"
- X_TRADER API

See Also

createInstrument | xtrdr

cqg

Create CQG connection object

Syntax

```
c = cqg
```

Description

c = cqg creates a CQG connection object c.

Examples

Create the CQG Connection Object

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqg
c =
    cqg with properties:
        Handle: [1x1 COM.COG_COGCEL_4]
        APIConfig: [1x1 Interface.COG_4.0_Type_Library_-_Revised_API.ICOGAPIConfig]
```

CQG connection object properties reflect the CQG ActiveX object Handle and the API configuration type library specification APIConfig.

Display the Handle property of c.

c.Handle

```
ans = COM.CQG CQGCEL 4
```

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"

Output Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, returned as a CQG connection object. The properties of this object are as follows:

Property	Description
Handle	CQG ActiveX object
APIConfig	API configuration type library specification

These properties are determined by the CQG API.

More About

- "Workflow for CQG"
- CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

close | startUp

close

Close CQG connection

Syntax

close(c)

Description

close(c) closes CQG connection c.

Examples

Close the CQG Connection

Create the CQG connection object c using cqg.

```
c = cqg;
```

Create the CQG connection using startUp.

```
startUp(c)
```

Close the connection using the CQG connection object c.

close(c)

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"

Input Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

More About

- "Workflow for CQG"
- CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

cqg | shutDown

createOrder

Create CQG order

Syntax

```
o = createOrder(c,s,1,account,quantity)
o = createOrder(c,s,2,account,quantity,limitprice)
o = createOrder(c,s,3,account,quantity,stopprice)
o = createOrder(c,s,4,account,quantity,limitprice,stopprice)
```

Description

- o = createOrder(c,s,1,account,quantity) creates a CQGOrder object o for a market order of quantity shares of CQG instrument s using the CQGAccount credentials object account over the CQG connection c.
- o = createOrder(c,s,2,account,quantity,limitprice) creates a limit order using a CQG limit price limitprice.
- o = createOrder(c,s,3,account,quantity,stopprice) creates a stop order using a CQG stop price stopprice.
- o = createOrder(c,s,4,account,quantity,limitprice,stopprice) creates a stop limit order using CQG limit and stop prices, limitprice and stopprice.

Examples

Create and Place a Market Order Using a CQGInstrument Object

To create and place a market order for shares of an instrument with the CQG Trader Com API using a CQGInstrument object to specify the instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with the connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register event handlers for tracking events associated with the instrument subscription, order and account. Subscribe to the instrument and create the CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

Then, set up the account credentials accountHandle. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Create CQG Order". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers, API configuration properties, and CQGInstrument object.

Create a market order that buys one share of the subscribed security cqgInst using the account credentials account Handle.

```
quantity = 1;
oMarket = createOrder(c,cqgInst,1,accountHandle,quantity);
oMarket.Place
ans =
    OrderChanged
```

The CQGOrder object oMarket contains the order. The CQG API executes the market order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

Close the CQG connection.

shutDown(c)

Create and Place a Market Order Using a CQG Instrument String

To create and place a market order for shares of an instrument with the CQG Trader Com API using a string to specify the instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register event handlers for tracking events associated with instrument subscription, order and account. Subscribe to the instrument. Then, set up the account credentials accountHandle. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Create CQG Order". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about the event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Create a market order that buys one share of the previously subscribed security 'EZC' using the defined account credentials accountHandle.

OrderChanged

The CQGOrder object oMarket contains the order. The CQG API executes the market order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

Close the CQG connection.

shutDown(c)

Create and Place a Limit Order

To create and place a limit order for shares of an instrument with the CQG Trader Com API using a CQGInstrument object to specify the instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register event handlers for tracking events associated with instrument subscription, order and account. Subscribe to the instrument and create the CQGInstrument object cqgInst. Then, set up the account credentials accountHandle. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Create CQG Order". See CQG API Reference Guide to learn more about the event handlers, the API configuration properties, and the CQGInstrument object.

To create a limit order, you can use the bid price. Extract the CQG bid object qtBid from the previously defined CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

```
qtBid = cqgInst.get('Bid');
```

Create a limit order that buys one share of the previously subscribed security cqgInst using the previously defined account credentials accountHandle and qtBid for the limit price.

The CQGOrder object olimit contains the order. The CQG API executes the limit order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

Close the CQG connection.

shutDown(c)

Create and Place a Stop Order

To create and place a stop order for shares of an instrument with the CQG Trader Com API using a CQGInstrument object to specify the instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register event handlers for tracking events associated with instrument subscription, order and account. Subscribe to the instrument and create the CQGInstrument object cqgInst. Then, set up the account credentials accountHandle. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Create CQG Order". See CQG API Reference Guide to learn more about the event handlers, the API configuration properties, and the CQGInstrument object.

To create a stop order, you can use the trade price. Extract the CQG trade object qtTrade from the previously defined CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

```
qtTrade = cqgInst.get('Trade');
```

Create a stop order that buys one share of the previously subscribed security cqgInst using the previously defined account credentials accountHandle and qtTrade for the stop price.

The CQGOrder object oStop contains the order. The CQG API executes the stop order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

Close the CQG connection.

shutDown(c)

Create and Place a Stop Limit Order

To create and place a stop limit order for shares of an instrument with the CQG Trader Com API using a CQGInstrument object to specify the instrument, create the connection

c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register event handlers for tracking events associated with instrument subscription, order and account. Subscribe to the instrument and create the CQGInstrument object cqgInst. Then, set up the account credentials accountHandle. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Create CQG Order". See CQG API Reference Guide to learn more about the event handlers, the API configuration properties, and the CQGInstrument object.

To create a stop limit order, you can use the bid and trade prices. Extract the CQG bid object qtBid and the CQG trade object qtTrade from the previously defined CQGInstrument object cqgInst.

```
qtBid = cqgInst.get('Bid');
qtTrade = cqgInst.get('Trade');
```

Create a stop limit order that buys one share of the subscribed security cqgInst using the defined account credentials accountHandle and qtBid for the limit price and qtTrade for the stop price.

The CQGOrder object ostopLimit contains the order. The CQG API executes the stop limit order using the CQG API function Place. After execution, the order status changes.

Close the CQG connection.

```
shutDown(c)
```

"Create CQG Order"

Input Arguments

c — CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

s — CQG instrument name

string | CQGInstrument object

CQG instrument name, specified as a string or a CQGInstrument object, denoting the instrument or security for the order transaction. For more information about creating a CQGInstrument object, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Data Types: char

account - CQG account credentials

CQGAccount object

CQG account credentials, specified as a CQGAccount object. This object encapsulates all data pertinent to your account. For more information about creating a CQGAccount object, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

quantity - CQG order quantity

scalar

CQG order quantity, specified as a scalar denoting the number of shares to order. A positive number denotes a buy and a negative number denotes a sell.

Data Types: double

limitprice — CQG limit price

double

CQG limit price, specified as a double denoting the limit order price.

Data Types: double

stopprice — CQG stop price

double

CQG stop price, specified as a double denoting the stop order price.

Data Types: double

Output Arguments

o — CQG order

CQGOrder object

CQG order, returned as a CQGOrder object. This object encapsulates all data necessary to execute a CQG order. For more information about creating a CQGOrder object, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

More About

- "Workflow for CQG"
- CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

cqg | history | realtime | timeseries

history

Request CQG historical data

Syntax

```
history(c,s,startdate,enddate,period)
history(c,s,startdate,enddate,period,x)
```

Description

history(c,s,startdate,enddate,period) requests CQG historical data asynchronously with bar size period between startdate and enddate for CQG instrument name s with CQG connection c.

history(c,s,startdate,enddate,period,x) requests CQG historical data asynchronously with additional request properties x.

Examples

Request CQG Historical Data

To request daily historical data for an instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with building and initializing the output data structure. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Historical Data". See CQG API Reference Guide to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Request historical daily data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last 10 days.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = floor(now) - 10;
enddate = floor(now);
period = 'hpDaily';
```

history(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,period)

MATLAB writes variable cqgHistoryData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgHistoryData.

cqgHistoryData

```
cqgHistoryData =
   1.0e+05 *
    7.3533
               0.0063
                          0.0063
    7.3533
               0.0064
                          0.0064
    7.3533
               0.0065
                          0.0065
    7.3534
               0.0065
                          0.0065
    7.3534
               0.0066
                         0.0066
    7.3534
               0.0065
                         0.0065
    7.3534
               0.0066
                          0.0066
    7.3534
               0.0066
                          0.0066
    7.3534
               0.0064
                          0.0064
```

Each row in cqgHistoryData represents data for 1 day. The columns in cqgHistoryData show the numerical representation of the timestamp, the close price, and the open price for the instrument during the day.

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

Request CQG Historical Data with Additional Request Properties

To request daily historical data for an instrument with an additional property, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with building and initializing the output data structure. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Historical Data". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Pass an additional optional request property by creating the structure \boldsymbol{x} and setting the optional property.

```
x.UpdatesEnabled = false;
```

For additional optional properties you can set, see CQG API Reference Guide.

Request historical daily data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last 10 days using the additional optional request property X.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = floor(now) - 10;
enddate = floor(now);
period = 'hpDaily';
history(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,period,x)
```

MATLAB writes the variable cqgHistoryData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgHistoryData.

cqgHistoryData

```
cqgHistoryData =
   1.0e+05 *
    7.3533
              0.0063
                         0.0063
    7.3533
              0.0064
                         0.0064
    7.3533
              0.0065
                         0.0065
    7.3534
              0.0065
                         0.0065
    7.3534
              0.0066
                         0.0066
    7.3534
              0.0065
                         0.0065
    7.3534
              0.0066
                         0.0066
    7.3534
              0.0066
                         0.0066
              0.0064
    7.3534
                         0.0064
```

Each row in cqgHistoryData represents data for 1 day. The columns in cqgHistoryData show the numerical representation of the timestamp, the close price, and the open price for the instrument during the day.

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

"Request CQG Historical Data"

Input Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

s - CQG instrument name

string

CQG instrument name, specified as a string identifying the instrument or security.

Data Types: char

startdate - Start date

date string | date scalar

Start date, specified as a starting date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

enddate - End date

date string | date scalar

End date, specified as an ending date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

period - Bar size

```
'hpDaily' (default) | 'hpWeekly' | 'hpMonthly' | 'hpQuarterly' |
'hpSemiannual' | 'hpYearly'
```

Bar size, specified as one of the above enumerated strings predetermined by the CQG API that denotes the length of time to collect data.

x — CQG request properties

request properties structure

CQG request properties, specified as a CQG request properties structure. Create this structure by writing MATLAB code to set additional optional request properties. For additional optional properties you can set, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Example: x.UpdatesEnabled = false;
Data Types: struct

More About

"Workflow for CQG"

• CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

cqg | createOrder | realtime | timeseries

realtime

Subscribe to CQG instrument

Syntax

```
realtime(c,s)
```

Description

realtime(c,s) subscribes to a CQG instrument s using CQG connection c.

Examples

Subscribe to the CQG Instrument

To subscribe to the CQG instrument and get current data, create the connection **c** using **cqg** and **startUp**. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with instrument subscription. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Real-Time Data". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

With the connection established, subscribe to the instrument. The instrument name must be formatted in the CQG long symbol view. For example, to subscribe to a security tied to corn, type the following.

```
instrument = 'F.US.EZC';
realtime(c,instrument)
```

MATLAB writes the structure variable cqgDataEZC to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgDataEZC.

```
cqgDataEZC(1,1)
ans =
```

```
Price: {15x1 cell}
Volume: {15x1 cell}
ServerTimestamp: {15x1 cell}
Timestamp: {15x1 cell}
Type: {15x1 cell}
Name: {15x1 cell}
IsValid: {15x1 cell}
Instrument: {15x1 cell}
HasVolume: {15x1 cell}
```

cqgDataEZC returns the current quotes for the security.

Display data in the Price property of cqgDataEZC.

cqgDataEZC(1,1).Price

```
ans =

[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-2.1475e+09]
[-660.5000]
[]
[]
[-2.1475e+09]
```

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

"Request CQG Real-Time Data"

Input Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

s - CQG instrument name

string

CQG instrument name, specified as a string identifying the instrument or security.

Data Types: char

More About

- "Workflow for CQG"
- · CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

cqg | createOrder | history | timeseries

shutDown

Close CQG connection

Syntax

shutDown(c)

Description

shutDown(c) closes the CQG connection c.

Examples

Close the CQG Connection

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqg;
```

Create the CQG connection using startUp.

startUp(c)

Close the CQG connection.

shutDown(c)

Alternatively, close the CQG connection using close.

close(c)

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"

Input Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

More About

- "Workflow for CQG"
- CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

close | cqg | startUp

startUp

Create CQG connection

Syntax

startUp(c)

Description

startUp(c) creates the CQG connection c.

Examples

Create the CQG Connection

Create the CQG connection object using cqg.

```
c = cqg;
```

Create the CQG connection.

startUp(c)

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

- "Create CQG Order"
- "Request CQG Historical Data"
- "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"
- "Request CQG Real-Time Data"

Input Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

More About

- "Workflow for CQG"
- CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

close | cqg | shutDown

timeseries

Request CQG intraday tick data

Syntax

```
timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate)
timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate,[],x)
timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate,intraday)
timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate,intraday,x)
```

Description

timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate) requests CQG raw intraday tick data asynchronously between startdate and enddate for CQG instrument name s with CQG connection c.

timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate,[],x) requests CQG raw intraday tick data asynchronously without timed bar data using additional request properties x.

timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate,intraday) requests CQG timed bar data asynchronously with the aggregated bar value intraday.

timeseries(c,s,startdate,enddate,intraday,x) requests CQG timed bar data asynchronously with additional request properties x.

Examples

Request CQG Intraday Tick Data

To request intraday tick data for an instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with building and initializing the output data structure. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Request intraday tick data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last 2 days.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = now - 2;
enddate = now;
timeseries(c,instrument,startdate,enddate)
```

MATLAB writes the structure variable cqgTickData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgTickData.

cqgTickData

cqgTickData returns intraday tick data for the specified instrument.

Display the data in the Timestamp property of cqgTickData.

cqgTickData.Timestamp

```
ans =
    '4/17/2013 2:14:00 PM'
    '4/18/2013 2:14:00 PM'
```

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

Request CQG Intraday Tick Data with Additional Properties

To request intraday tick data for an instrument with an additional property, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with building and initializing the output

data structure. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Pass an additional optional request property by creating the structure x, and setting the optional property. To see only bid tick data, for example, set TickFilter to 'tfBid'.

```
x.TickFilter = 'tfBid';
```

TickFilter and SessionsFilter are the only valid additional optional properties for calling timeseries without a timed bar request. For additional property values you can set, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Request intraday tick data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last 2 days using the additional optional request property X.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = now - 2;
enddate = now;
timeseries(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,[],x)
```

MATLAB writes the variable cqgTickData to the Workspace browser.

Display cqgTickData.

cqgTickData

cqgTickData returns intraday tick data for the specified instrument.

Display the data in the Timestamp property of cqgTickData.

```
cqgTickData.Timestamp
```

```
ans =
    '4/17/2013 2:14:00 PM'
    '4/18/2013 2:14:00 PM'
```

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

Request CQG Timed Bar Data

To request timed bar data for an instrument, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with building and initializing the output data structure. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Request timed bar data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last fraction of a day.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = now - .1;
enddate = now;
intraday = 1;
```

MATLAB writes variable cqqTimedBarData to the Workspace browser.

timeseries(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,intraday)

Display cqqTimedBarData.

cqgTimedBarData

```
cqgTimedBarData =
   1.0e+09 *
   0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
   0.0007 \quad -2.1475 \quad -2.1475
   0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
                                                                                  -2.1475
                               -2.1475
                                         -2.1475 -2.1475
           -2.1475 -2.1475
-2.1475 -2.1475
                                                              -2.1475
   0.0007
                                                                        -2.1475
                                                                                  -2.1475
   0.0007
                                -2.1475
                                          -2.1475
                                                    -2.1475
                                                             -2.1475
                                                                        -2.1475
                                                                                  -2.1475
```

cqgTimedBarData returns timed bar data for the specified instrument. The columns of cqgTimedBarData display data corresponding to the timestamp, open price, high price, low price, close price, mid-price, HLC3, average price, and tick volume.

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

Request CQG Timed Bar Data with Additional Properties

To request timed bar data for an instrument with an additional property, create the connection c using cqg and startUp. Register an event handler for tracking events associated with connection status. Set up the API configuration properties. Then, register an event handler for tracking events associated with building and initializing the output data structure. For an example demonstrating these activities, see "Request CQG Intraday Tick Data". See *CQG API Reference Guide* to learn more about event handlers and the API configuration properties.

Pass an additional optional request property by creating the structure **x**, and setting the optional property.

```
x.UpdatesEnabled = false;
```

For additional optional properties you can set, see CQG API Reference Guide.

Request timed bar data for instrument XYZ.XYZ for the last fraction of a day using the additional optional request property X.

```
instrument = 'XYZ.XYZ';
startdate = now - .1;
enddate = now;
intraday = 1;
timeseries(c,instrument,startdate,enddate,intraday,x)
```

MATLAB writes the variable cqgTimedBarData to the Workspace browser.

Display cggTimedBarData.

cqgTimedBarData

```
cggTimedBarData =
  1.0e+09 3
           -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
   0.0007
   0.0007 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475 -2.1475
   0.0007 \quad -2.1475 \quad -2.1475
                              -2.1475
   0.0007
           -2.1475 -2.1475
                                       -2.1475
                                                 -2.1475
                                                          -2.1475
                                                                    -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
   0.0007
           -2.1475
                    -2.1475
                              -2.1475
                                        -2.1475
                                                 -2.1475
                                                           -2,1475
                                                                    -2.1475
                                                                              -2.1475
```

cqgTimedBarData returns timed bar data for the specified instrument. The columns of cqgTimedBarData display data corresponding to the timestamp, open price, high price, low price, close price, mid-price, HLC3, average price, and tick volume.

Close the CQG connection.

close(c)

"Request CQG Intraday Tick Data"

Input Arguments

c - CQG connection

connection object

CQG connection, specified as a CQG connection object created using cqg.

s - CQG instrument name

string

CQG instrument name, specified as a string identifying the instrument or security.

Data Types: char

startdate - Start date

date string | date scalar

Start date, specified as a starting date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

enddate - End date

date string | date scalar

End date, specified as an ending date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

intraday — Aggregated bar value

scalar | []

Aggregated bar value, specified as a scalar from 1.0 to 1440.0. If you want to call timeseries to return intraday tick data with additional properties without timed bar data, then enter [] for this argument.

Data Types: double

x — CQG request properties

request properties structure

CQG request properties, specified as a CQG request properties structure. Create this structure by writing MATLAB code to set additional optional request properties. For additional optional properties you can set, see *CQG API Reference Guide*.

Example: x.UpdatesEnabled = false;

Data Types: struct

More About

"Workflow for CQG"

· CQG API Reference Guide

See Also

cqg | createOrder | history | realtime

ibtws

Create IB Trader Workstation connection

Syntax

```
ib = ibtws(host,port)
```

Description

ib = ibtws(host,port) creates a connection to IB Trader Workstation on a machine
with IP address host and port number port. ibtws returns the IB Trader Workstation
connection object ib.

Examples

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation on the Local Machine

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation on the local machine using port number 7496.

```
ib = ibtws('',7496)
ib =
  ibtws with properties:
    ClientId: 0
        Handle: [1x1 COM.TWS_TwsCtrl_1]
        Host: ''
        Port: 7496
```

MATLAB returns ib as the connection to the IB Trader Workstation with the Interactive Brokers ActiveX object, the local host, and the chosen port number.

Display the Handle property of ib.

ib.Handle

```
ans =
    COM.TWS TwsCtrl 1
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation on Another Machine

Note: The IP address used here is for example purposes only and does not represent a real Interactive Brokers machine.

Use IP address 1111.222.333.44 and port number 7496 to connect to the IB Trader Workstation on another machine.

```
ib = ibtws('1111.222.333.44',7496)
ib =
  ibtws with properties:
    ClientId: 0
    Handle: [1x1 COM.TWS_TwsCtrl_1]
    Host: '1111.222.333.44'
    Port: 7496
```

MATLAB returns ib as the connection to the IB Trader Workstation with the Interactive Brokers ActiveX object, the chosen IP address and the chosen port number.

Display the Handle property of ib.

```
ib.Handle
```

```
ans =
    COM.TWS TwsCtrl 1
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

"Create Interactive Brokers Order"

- "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data"
- "Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

Input Arguments

host — IP address of machine where IB Trader Workstation is running

' | string for IP address

IP address of the machine where the IB Trader Workstation is running, specified as either an empty string to specify the local machine or an IP address string to specify another machine.

Data Types: char

port — IB Trader Workstation port number

scalar

IB Trader Workstation port number, specified as a number designating the connection port of the machine.

Data Types: double

Output Arguments

ib — IB Trader Workstation connection

connection object

IB Trader Workstation connection, returned as an IB Trader Workstation connection object. The properties of this object are as follows.

Property	Description
ClientId	Application identifier where the connection originated
Handle	Interactive Brokers ActiveX object
Host	host argument
Port	port argument

These properties are determined by the Interactive Brokers API.

More About

- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"
- Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

See Also

close

close

Close IB Trader Workstation connection

Syntax

close(ib)

Description

close (ib) closes the IB Trader Workstation connection ib.

Examples

Close the IB Trader Workstation Connection

Connect to the IB Trader Workstation on the local machine with port number 7496.

```
ib = ibtws('',7496);
```

ibtws creates the IB Trader Workstation connection object ib.

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection using the IB Trader Workstation connection object ib.

close(ib)

- "Create Interactive Brokers Order"
- "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data"
- "Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

Input Arguments

ib — IB Trader Workstation connection

connection object

IB Trader Workstation connection, specified as an IB Trader Workstation connection object created using ibtws.

More About

- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"
- Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

See Also

ibtws

createOrder

Create IB Trader Workstation order

Syntax

```
d = createOrder(ib,ibContract,ibOrder,ibOrderid)
```

Description

d = createOrder(ib,ibContract,ibOrder,ibOrderid) creates an IB Trader Workstation order over the IB Trader Workstation connection ib using the IB Trader Workstation order object ibOrder with a unique order identifier ibOrderid to denote the order information. createOrder uses the IB Trader Workstation contract object ibContract to signify the instrument for the transaction. createOrder returns the Interactive Brokers order data object d containing data about the completed order.

Examples

Create the IB Trader Workstation Order

To create an order, set up a connection ib using ibtws. Create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract. An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. Then, create an IB Trader Workstation IOrder object ibOrder. An IOrder object is an Interactive Brokers object that contains the necessary order conditions to place an order. For an example showing how to create these objects, see "Create Interactive Brokers Order". See *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating these objects.

Execute the buy market order for two shares with unique identifier ibOrderid.

```
ibOrderid = 1;
d = createOrder(ib,ibContract,ibOrder,ibOrderid)
d =
```

```
STATUS: 'Filled'
FILLED: 2
REMAINING: 0
AVG_FILL_PRICE: 787.5600
PERM_ID: '1979798454'
PARENT_ID: 0
LAST_FILL_PRICE: 787.5600
CLIENT_ID: 0
WHY HELD: ''
```

d contains parameters: status, filled, remaining, average fill price, permanent identifier, parent identifier, last fill price, client identifier and why held.

Display the data in the STATUS property of d.

```
d(1,1).STATUS
ans =
    Filled
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

close(ib)

"Create Interactive Brokers Order"

Input Arguments

ib — IB Trader Workstation connection

connection object

IB Trader Workstation connection, specified as an IB Trader Workstation connection object created using ibtws.

ibContract — IB Trader Workstation contract

IContract object

IB Trader Workstation contract, specified as an IB Trader Workstation IContract object. This object is the instrument or security used in the order transaction. This object is created by calling the Interactive Brokers API function createContract. To learn more about createContract and the attributes you can set, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

ibOrder — IB Trader Workstation order

IOrder object

IB Trader Workstation order, specified as an IB Trader Workstation IOrder object. This object contains the order conditions, which are: the action of the order, for example, buy or sell; the order quantity; and the type of order, for example, market or limit. This object is created by calling the Interactive Brokers API function createOrder. To learn more about the attributes you can set and createOrder, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

ibOrderid — IB Trader Workstation order unique identifier

scalar

IB Trader Workstation order unique identifier, specified as a scalar.

Data Types: double

Output Arguments

d — Interactive Brokers order data

data object

Interactive Brokers order data, returned as a data object containing parameters: status, filled, remaining, average fill price, permanent identifier, parent identifier, last fill price, client identifier, and why held.

More About

- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"
- · Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

See Also

close | getdata | history | ibtws | timeseries

getdata

Request current Interactive Brokers data

Syntax

```
d = getdata(ib,ibContract)
```

Description

d = getdata(ib,ibContract) requests Interactive Brokers current data asynchronously over the IB Trader Workstation connection ib using the IB Trader Workstation contract object ibContract to signify the instrument. getdata returns Interactive Brokers current data object d containing current Interactive Brokers data.

Examples

Request Interactive Brokers Current Data

To request current data, set up a connection ib using ibtws and create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract as shown in "Stream Interactive Brokers Data". An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. See *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating this object.

Request current data using ibContract.

```
d = getdata(ib, ibContract)
d =

LAST_PRICE: 6.85
   LAST_SIZE: 1.00
        VOLUME: 187.00
   BID_PRICE: 6.84
   BID_SIZE: 14.00
   ASK PRICE: 6.86
```

```
ASK SIZE: 13.00
```

d contains the last price, last size, volume, bid price, bid size, ask price, and ask size.

Display the data in the BID PRICE property of d.

```
d.BID PRICE
```

```
ans = 6.84
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

"Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

Input Arguments

ib — IB Trader Workstation connection

connection object

IB Trader Workstation connection, specified as an IB Trader Workstation connection object created using ibtws.

ibContract — IB Trader Workstation contract

IContract object

IB Trader Workstation contract, specified as an IB Trader Workstation IContract object. This object is the instrument or security used in the order transaction. This object is created by calling the Interactive Brokers API function createContract. To learn more about createContract and the attributes you can set, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

Output Arguments

d — Interactive Brokers current data

data object

Interactive Brokers current data, returned as a data object containing tick types last price, last size, volume, bid price, bid size, ask price, and ask size.

More About

- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"
- Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

See Also

close | createOrder | history | ibtws | timeseries

history

Request Interactive Brokers historical data

Syntax

```
d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate)
d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,ticktype,period)
```

Description

d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate) requests Interactive Brokers historical data between startdate and enddate for default tick type 'TRADES' and default period of '1 day' over the IB Trader Workstation connection ib using the IB Trader Workstation contract object ibContract to signify the instrument. history returns a matrix d with Interactive Brokers historical data.

d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,ticktype,period) requests Interactive Brokers historical data for a specific type of market data tick ticktype and bar size period.

Examples

Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data with TRADES Default Tick Type and 1-Day Default Period

To request historical data, set up a connection ib using ibtws and create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract as shown in "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data". An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. See *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating this object.

Request the last 5 days of historical data using ibContract.

```
startdate = floor(now) - 5;
enddate = floor(now);
```

d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate)

```
1.0e+05 *
7.3534
          0.0079
                    0.0080
                              0.0078
                                         0.0078
                                                  0.2386
                                                            0.1727
                                                                      0.0079
          0.0078
                    0.0080
                              0.0078
                                        0.0079
                                                            0.1075
                                                                      0.0079
                                                                                     0
7.3534
                                                  0.1669
7.3534
          0.0079
                    0.0079
                              0.0078
                                         0.0078
                                                  0.1982
                                                            0.1420
                                                                      0.0078
          0.0079
                              0.0076
                                         0.0078
                                                            0.2239
7.3534
                    0.0080
                                                  0.3188
                                                                      0.0077
                                                                                     0
 7.3534
          0.0078
                    0.0080
                              0.0077
                                         0.0080
                                                  0.5568
                                                            0.3723
                                                                      0.0079
```

d returns the historical data for 5 days. When ticktype and period are not specified as input arguments, history returns historical data using the default ticktype of 'TRADES' and the default period of '1 day'.

Each row of d contains historical data for 1 day. The columns in matrix d are a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

Display the open price in matrix d.

```
d(1,2)
ans = 790,0000
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data with BID Tick Type and 1-Week Period

To request historical data, set up a connection ib using ibtws and create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract as shown in "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data". An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. See *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating this object.

Request the last 50 days of historical data using ibContract with the 'BID' tick type and a bar size of '1 week'.

```
startdate = floor(now) - 50;
enddate = floor(now);
ticktype = 'BID';
period = '1 week';
d = history(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,ticktype,period)
```

```
d =
  1.0e+05 *
    7.3529
              0.0080
                         0.0081
                                   0.0078
                                              0.0081
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                  -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
                                                                                             0
    7.3530
              0.0080
                         0.0084
                                   0.0080
                                              0.0083
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                 -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
                                                                                            Ω
    7.3531
              0.0082
                        0.0084
                                   0.0081
                                              0.0081
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                 -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
              0.0080
                                                                 -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
    7.3532
                         0.0083
                                   0.0079
                                              0.0081
                                                       -0.0000
              0.0081
                         0.0082
                                   0.0079
                                              0.0079
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                  -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
                                                                                             Ω
    7.3532
    7.3533
              0.0079
                         0.0081
                                   0.0078
                                              0.0078
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                  -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
                                                                                            0
              0.0078
                                   0.0077
                                              0.0079
                                                                  -0.0000
    7.3534
                         0.0079
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
                                                                                             0
                                   0.0076
    7.3534
              0.0079
                         0.0080
                                              0.0080
                                                       -0.0000
                                                                  -0.0000
                                                                            -0.0000
```

d returns the historical data for 50 days.

Each row of d contains historical data for 1 week. The columns in object d are a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

Display the high price in matrix d.

```
d(1,3)
ans =
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data with TRADES Default Tick Type and 1-Month Period

To request historical data, set up a connection ib using ibtws and create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract as shown in "Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data". An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. See *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating this object.

Request the last 50 days of historical data using ibContract with the 'TRADES' default tick type as denoted by the empty string and a bar size of '1 month'.

```
7.3532
       0.0080
                  0.0084
                            0.0079
                                     0.0079
                                               4.0250
                                                        2.6757
                                                                  0.0082
                                                                                0
         0.0079
                  0.0081
                            0.0076
                                     0.0080
                                               3.6047
7.3534
                                                        2.4843
                                                                  0.0079
```

d returns the historical data for 50 days.

Each row of d contains historical data for 1 month. The columns in object d are a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

Display the low price in matrix d.

```
d(1,4)
ans = 780
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

"Request Interactive Brokers Historical Data"

Input Arguments

ib — IB Trader Workstation connection

connection object

IB Trader Workstation connection, specified as an IB Trader Workstation connection object created using ibtws.

ibContract — IB Trader Workstation contract

IContract object

IB Trader Workstation contract, specified as an IB Trader Workstation IContract object. This object is the instrument or security used in the order transaction. This object is created by calling the Interactive Brokers API function createContract. To learn more about createContract and the attributes you can set, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

startdate - Start date

date string | date scalar

Start date, specified as a starting date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

enddate - End date

date string | date scalar

End date, specified as an ending date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

ticktype — Types of market data ticks

```
'TRADES' (default) | 'MIDPOINT' | 'BID' | 'ASK' | 'BID_ASK' | 'HISTORICAL VOLATILITY' | 'OPTION IMPLIED VOLATILITY'
```

Types of market data ticks, specified as one of the above enumerated strings predetermined by the Interactive Brokers API that denote tick values to collect.

```
period — Bar size
'1 day' (default) | '1 week' | '1 month'
```

Bar size, specified as one of the above enumerated strings predetermined by the Interactive Brokers API that denote the periodicity for collecting data.

Output Arguments

d — Interactive Brokers historical data

matrix

Interactive Brokers historical data, returned as a matrix with nine columns: numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

More About

- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"
- Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

See Also

close | createOrder | getdata | ibtws | timeseries

timeseries

Request Interactive Brokers aggregated intraday data

Syntax

```
d = timeseries(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,barsize)
d = timeseries(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,barsize,ticktype)
```

Description

d = timeseries(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,barsize) requests Interactive Brokers aggregated intraday data between startdate and enddate with tick aggregation interval barsize for default tick type 'TRADES' over the IB Trader Workstation connection ib using IB Trader Workstation contract object ibContract to signify the instrument. timeseries returns the matrix d with Interactive Brokers aggregated intraday data.

d = timeseries(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,barsize,ticktype) requests Interactive Brokers aggregated intraday data for a specific type of market data tick ticktype.

Examples

Request Interactive Brokers Intraday Data Aggregated Every 5 Minutes with TRADES Default Tick Type

To request intraday data, set up a connection ib using ibtws and create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract as shown in "Stream Interactive Brokers Data". An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. See the *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating this object.

Request intraday data aggregated every 5 minutes using ibContract.

```
startdate = floor(now);
enddate = now;
```

```
barsize = '5 mins';
d = timeseries(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,barsize)
d =
    735329.40
                      6.91
                                                6.85
                                                             6.85
                                                                                      13.00
                                   6.91
                                                                        158.00
                                                                                                    6.87
                      6.85
                                   6.87
                                                             6.87
                                                                                      24.00
                                                                                                    6.86
    735329.40
                                                6.85
                                                                        29.00
    735329.40
                      6.87
                                   6.89
                                                6.87
                                                             6.87
                                                                         13.00
                                                                                      13.00
                                                                                                    6.88
```

d returns the aggregated 5-minute data with default tick type 'TRADES'.

Each row in matrix d represents a 5-minute interval. The columns in matrix d are a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

Display the open price in matrix d.

```
d(1,2)
ans =
6.91
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

Request Interactive Brokers Intraday Data Aggregated Every 10 Minutes with a BID Tick Type

To request intraday data, set up a connection ib using ibtws and create an IB Trader Workstation IContract object ibContract as shown in "Stream Interactive Brokers Data". An IContract object is an Interactive Brokers object for containing the necessary data about a security to process transactions. See *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide* to learn more about creating this object.

Request intraday data aggregated every 10 minutes using ibContract and 'BID' tick type.

```
startdate = floor(now);
enddate = now;
barsize = '10 mins';
ticktype = 'BID';

d = timeseries(ib,ibContract,startdate,enddate,barsize,ticktype)
d =
```

735329.17	6.38	6.38	6.38	6.38	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00
735329.17	6.38	6.38	6.38	6.38	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00
735329.18	6.38	6.38	6.38	6.38	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00

. . .

d returns the aggregated 10-minute data for 'BID' tick type.

Each row in matrix d represents a 10-minute interval. The columns in matrix d are a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

Display the high price in matrix d.

```
d(1,3)
ans =
```

Close the IB Trader Workstation connection.

```
close(ib)
```

"Stream Interactive Brokers Data"

Input Arguments

ib — IB Trader Workstation connection

connection object

IB Trader Workstation connection, specified as an IB Trader Workstation connection object created using ibtws.

ibContract — IB Trader Workstation contract

IContract object

IB Trader Workstation contract, specified as an IB Trader Workstation IContract object. This object is the instrument or security used in the order transaction. This object is created by calling the Interactive Brokers API function createContract. To learn more about createContract and the attributes you can set, see *Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide*.

```
startdate — Start date date string | date scalar
```

Start date, specified as a starting date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

enddate - End date

date string | date scalar

End date, specified as an ending date string or scalar.

Data Types: double | char

barsize - Tick aggregation interval

```
'10 secs' | '15 secs' | '30 secs' | '1 min' | '2 mins' | '3 mins' | ...
```

Tick aggregation interval, specified as one of the following enumerated strings predetermined by the Interactive Brokers API that denote the size of aggregated bars for collecting data.

- '10 secs'
- '15 secs'
- '30 secs'
- · '1 min'
- '2 mins'
- '3 mins'
- '5 mins'
- '10 mins'
- '15 mins'
- '20 mins'
- · '30 mins'
- '1 hour'
- '2 hours'
- '3 hours'
- '4 hours'
- · '8 hours'

ticktype — Types of market data ticks

```
'TRADES' (default) | 'MIDPOINT' | 'BID' | 'ASK' | 'BID_ASK' | 'HISTORICAL_VOLATILITY' | 'OPTION_IMPLIED_VOLATILITY'
```

Types of market data ticks, specified as one of the above enumerated strings predetermined by the Interactive Brokers API that denote tick values to collect.

Output Arguments

d — Interactive Brokers aggregated intraday data

matrix

Interactive Brokers aggregated intraday data, returned as a matrix with nine columns: a numeric representation of a date, open price, high price, low price, close price, volume, bar count, weighted average price, and flag indicating if there are gaps in the bar.

More About

- "Workflow for Interactive Brokers"
- · Interactive Brokers API Reference Guide

See Also

close | createOrder | getdata | history | ibtws